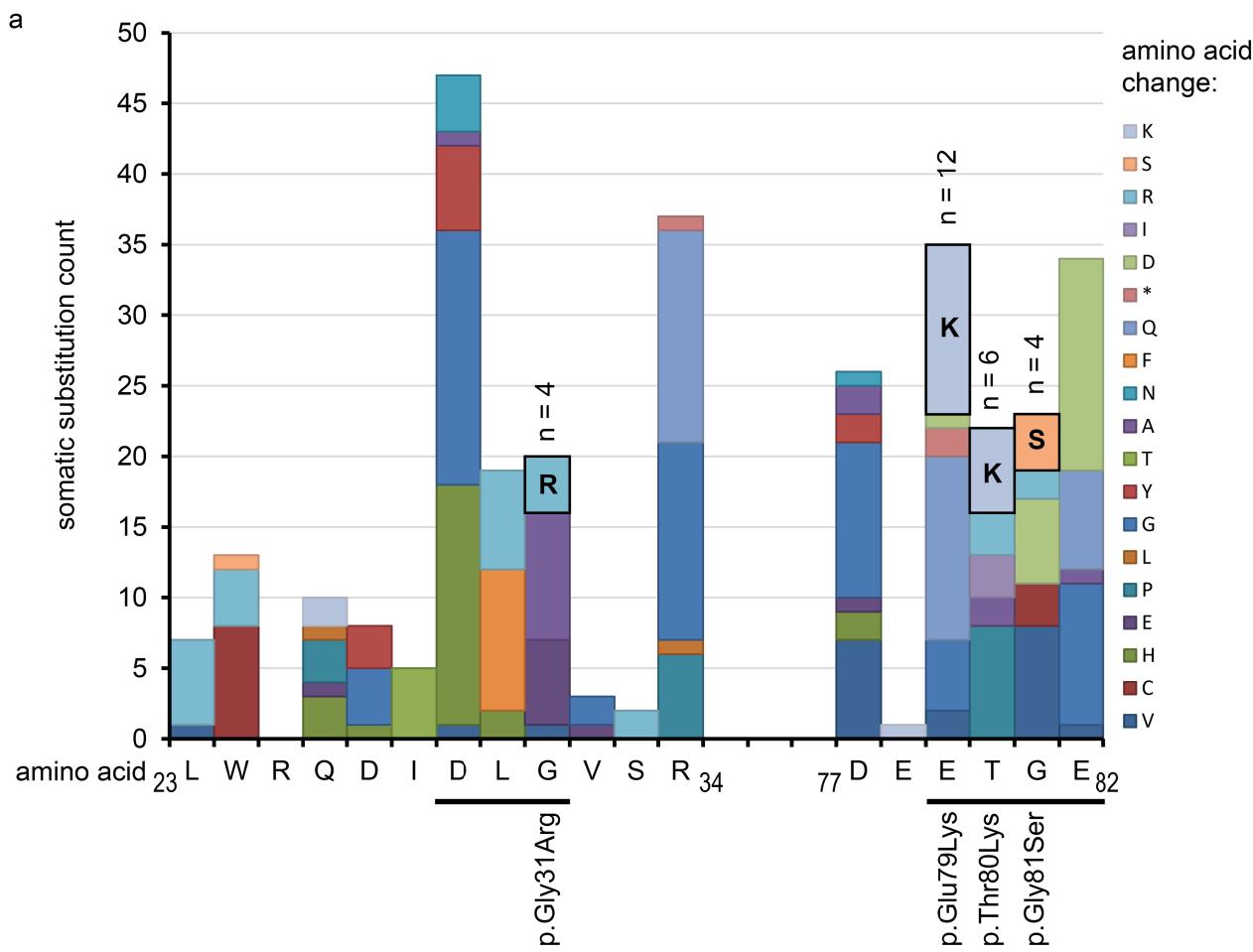
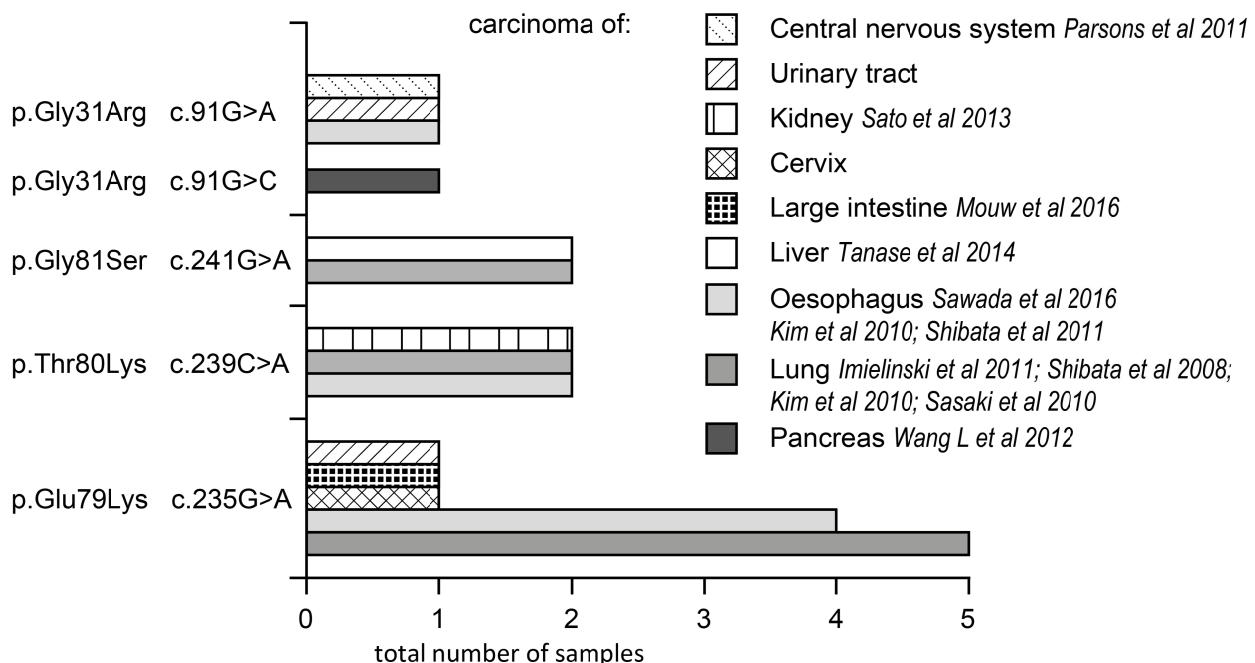


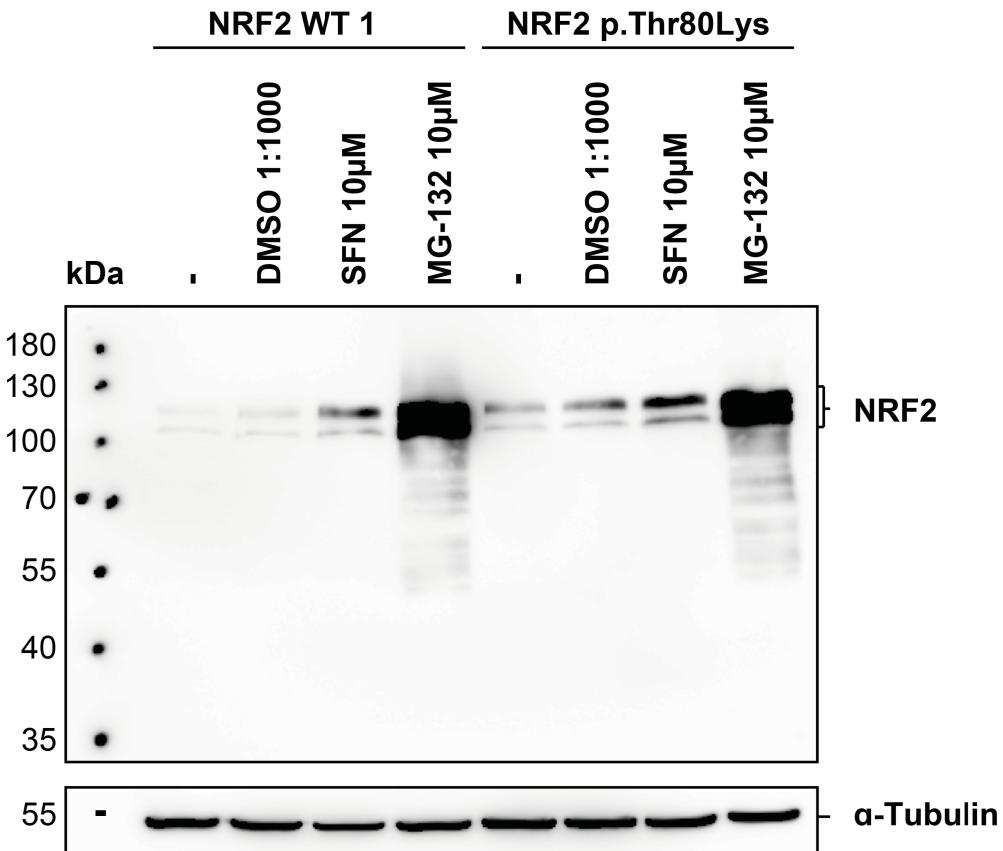
**Supplementary Figure 1** Pedigrees and confirmation of *NFE2L2* variants. Pedigrees of the four *NFE2L2* mutant patients and their families with the corresponding Sanger sequencing chromatogram of the mutant DLG/ETGE motif of the patient-parent Trio below. The position of the affected nucleotide is highlighted by a grey box. Nomenclature is according to GenBank accession number NM\_006164.4 and NP\_006155.2.



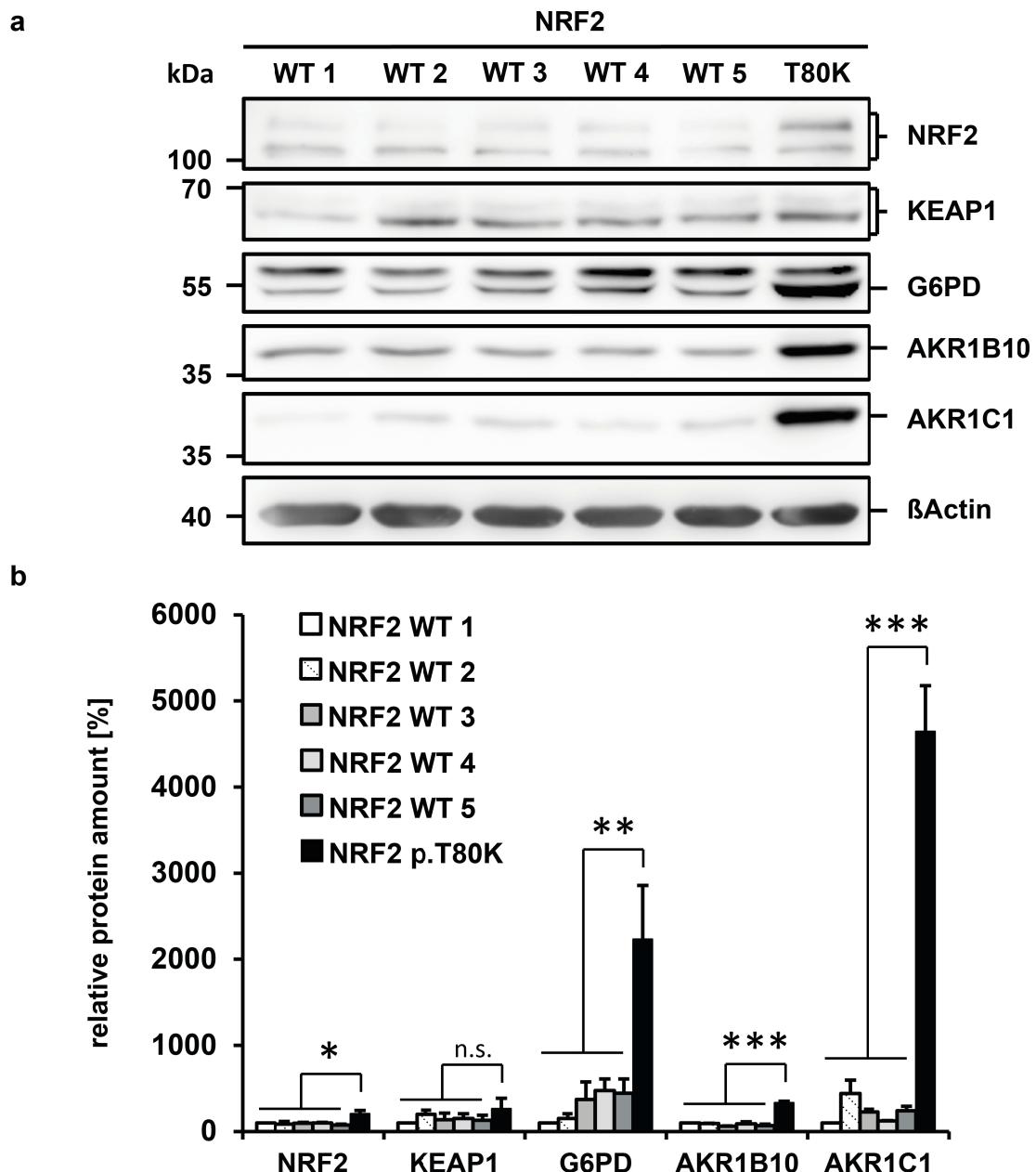
**b**



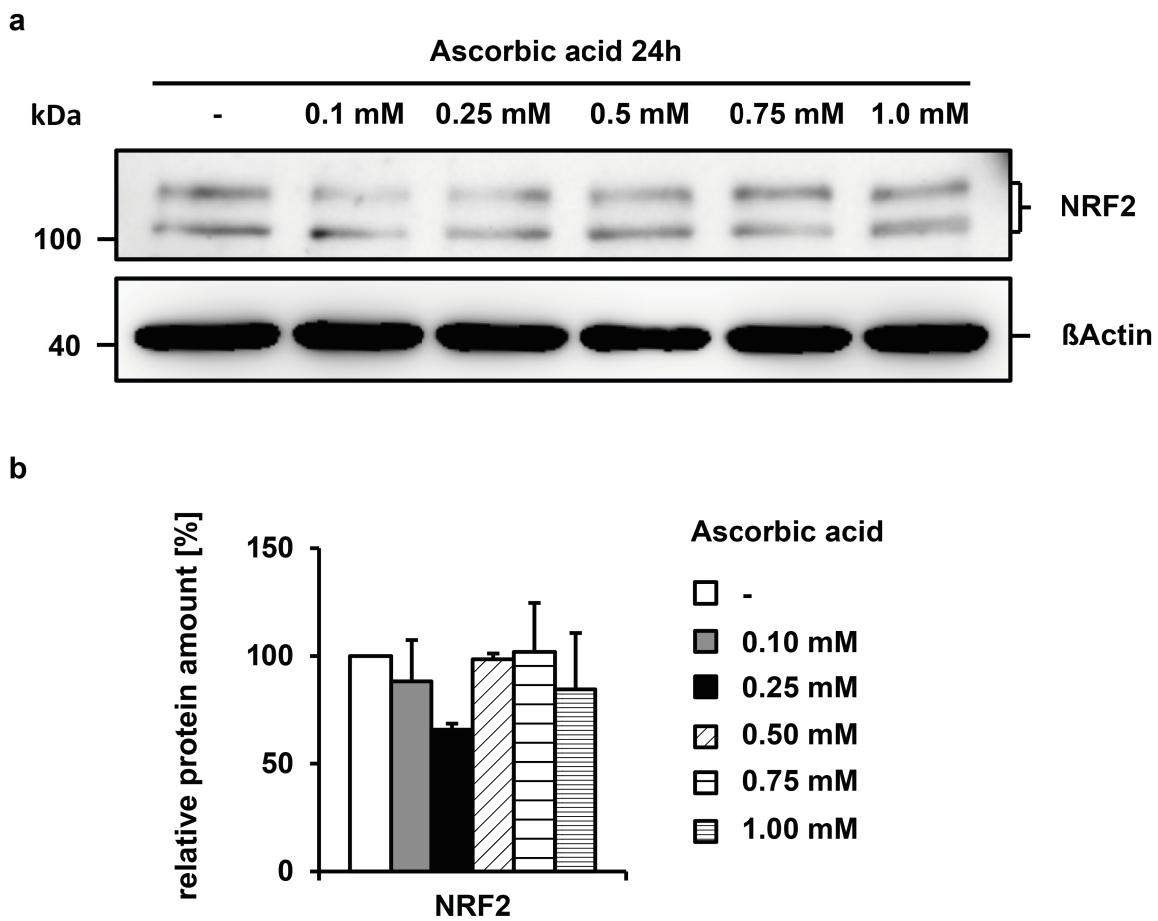
**Supplementary Figure 2** Somatic cancer associated NRF2 substitutions in the DLG and ETGE motif. **(a)** Overview of cancer related somatic substitutions in the DLG and ETGE motif of NRF2. The variants that resemble the pathogenic mutations described in this article are highlighted by a white box. The number indicates how often the mutations have been described in cancer cells. **(b)** Showing in which kind of cancer and how frequently the mutations described in this article have been reported previously. Data was summarized using the COSMIC database.



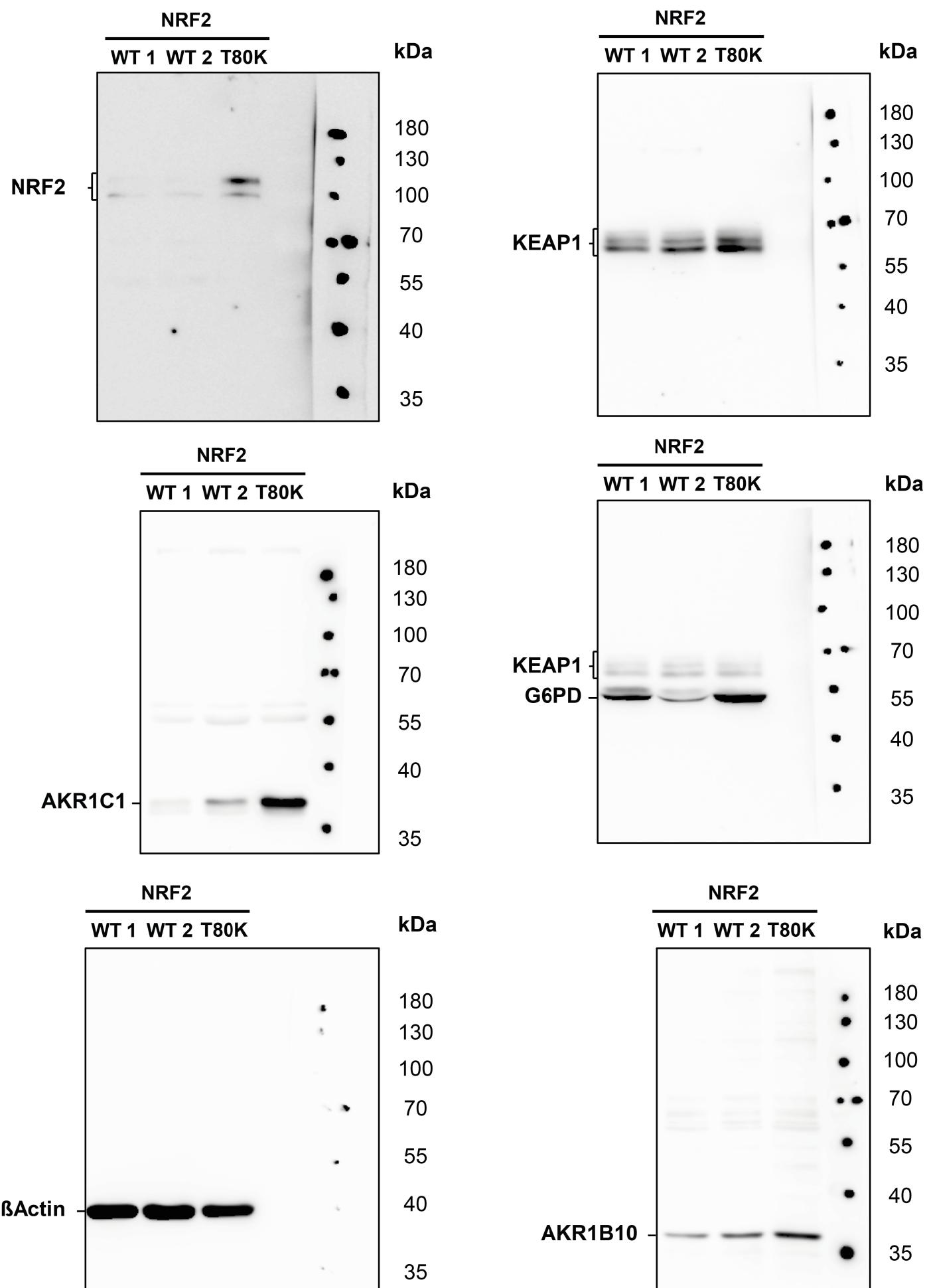
**Supplementary Figure 3** Validation of NRF2 antibody. NRF2 p.T80K mutant and wild type primary fibroblast cell lines were treated with SFN (10 $\mu$ M) and MG-132 (10 $\mu$ M) for 16h. As negative control DMSO treated and untreated cells were used. 25 $\mu$ g of whole protein lysates were immunoblotted and increased signals for NRF2 at ~100kDa for SFN and MG-132 treated cells were determined.  $\alpha$ Tubulin was used as loading control.



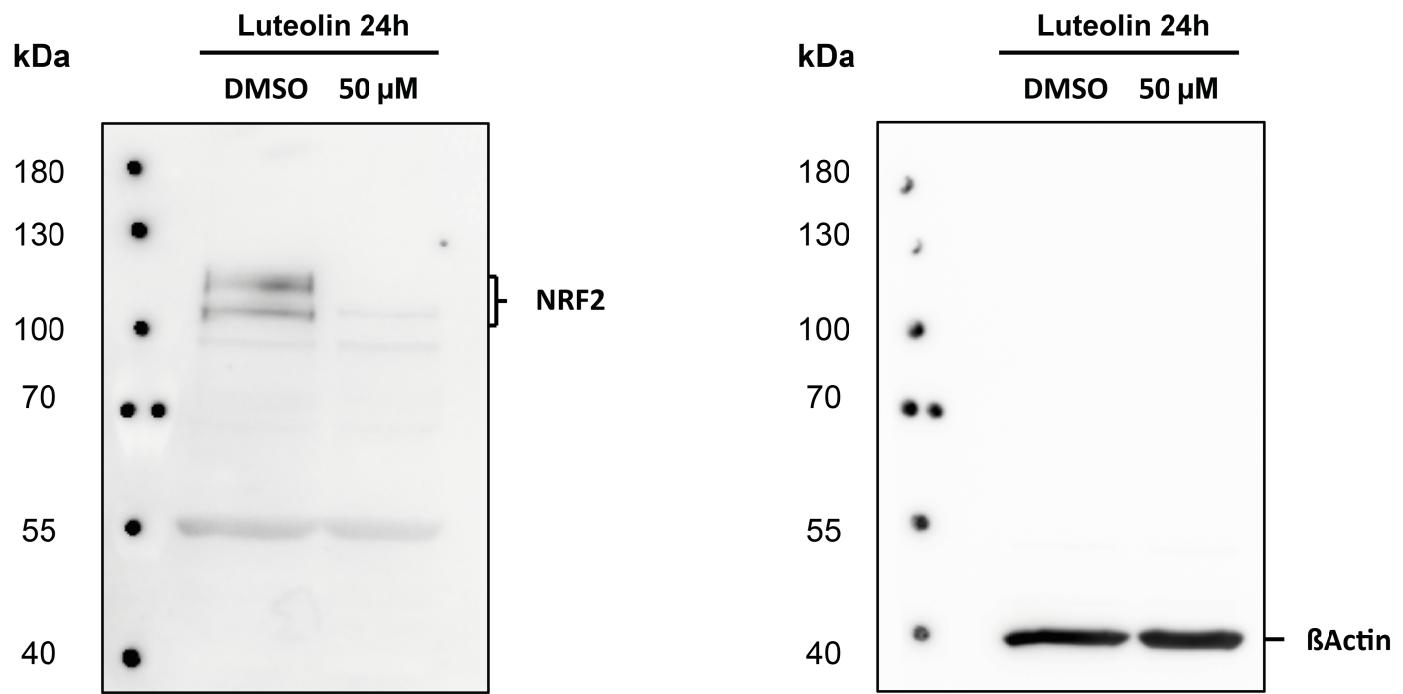
**Supplementary Figure 4** Increased stabilization of mutant NRF2. **(a)** Representative Western blot of endogenous level of NRF2, KEAP1, G6PD, AKR1B10 and AKR1C1 in 25 $\mu$ g whole protein lysates of human primary fibroblast cell lines from five controls (NRF2 WT 1 - WT 5) and patient 1 with NRF2 p.T80K variant. **(b)** Quantitative analysis of western blot images illustrating the endogenous level of NRF2, KEAP1, G6PD, AKR1B10 and AKR1C1 relative normalized to ACTB and NRF2 WT 1. Data are given as means  $\pm$  SEM, n = 3 independent experiments. Data were analyzed by one-way ANOVA with multiple comparisons:  $p \leq 0.05$  \*,  $p \leq 0.01$  \*\*,  $p \leq 0.001$  \*\*\*.



**Supplementary Figure 5** Effect of ascorbic acid on NRF2 level (a). Representative Western blot of endogenous level of NRF2 in 15 $\mu$ g whole protein lysates of treated human primary fibroblast of patient 1. NRF2 p.T80K mutant cells were exposed to 0.1mM, 0.25mM, 0.5mM, 0.75mM, 1mM ascorbic acid or without for 24h. (b) Quantitative analysis of western blot images illustrating the endogenous level of NRF2 relative normalized to ACTB and untreated cells. Data are given as means  $\pm$  SEM, n = 3 independent experiments. Data were analyzed by one-way ANOVA with multiple comparisons:  $p \leq 0.05$  \*,  $p \leq 0.01$  \*\*,  $p \leq 0.001$  \*\*\*.



**Supplementary Figure 6** Full blots of protein expression of NRF2, KEAP1, G6PD, AKR1B10 and AKR1C1 in human primary fibroblast cell lines from two controls (NRF2 WT 1, WT 2) and patient 1 with NRF2 p.T80K variant.



**Supplementary Figure 7** Full blots of protein expression of NRF2 of treated human primary fibroblast of patient 1. NRF2 p.T80K mutant cells were exposed to 50 $\mu$ M luteolin or DMSO for 24h.

Sample	Cov 30X	Mean Cov	Total reads	Unique mapped reads	Autosomal Runs of Homozygosity [Mb]	% of rare hom Variants	Gender
Patient	81.3	72	15100972	11915001	69	1.4	Male
Mother	80.3	71	14444790	11441169	77	1.2	Female
Father	86.8	80	16013178	12346597	160	2.8	Male

**Supplementary Table 1** Basic Mendeliome sequencing output data. Overview of coverage, mapping information and homozygosity for each mendeliome sample. Consanguinity can be estimated using % of rare hom variants (3 – 6%) and autosomal runs of homozygosity (> 200 – 300 mb). Cov, coverage; hom, homozygosity

	Gene	Chromosome	Position (hg19)	Reference allele	Mutant allele	Transcript ID	Variant	Mutation status		
								Patient	Mother	Father
<i>de novo</i>	<i>PIGR</i>	1	207105819	G	A	NM_002644.3	p.R664W	het	WT	WT
	<i>NFE2L2</i>	2	178098806	G	T	NM_006164.4	p.T80K	het	WT	WT
	<i>CCDC170</i>	6	151869623	A	G	NM_025059.3	p.Q258R	het	WT	WT
hemizygous	<i>ARSE</i>	X	2856166	C	T	NM_000047.2	p.R420Q	hom	het	WT
	<i>CYBB</i>	X	37664243	C	T	NM_000397.3	c.1152-16C>T	hom	het	WT
	<i>ZNF674</i>	X	46360758	A	G	NM_001146291.1	p.V83A	hom	het	WT
	<i>CHRDL1</i>	X	110035391	T	C	NM_145234.3	p.M7V	hom	het	WT
compound heterozygous	<i>NCAPD2</i>	12	6618863	T	A	NM_014865.3	c.128-20T>A	het	het	WT
	<i>NCAPD2</i>	12	6638102	G	C	NM_014865.3	c.3478-9G>C	het	WT	het
	<i>RELN</i>	7	103155698	A	G	NM_005045.3	p.S2685P	het	het	WT
	<i>RELN</i>	7	103153833	C	A	NM_005045.3	c.7490+5G>T	het	WT	WT

### Supplementary Table 2a

**Supplementary Table 2** Detected filtered *de novo*, compound heterozygous and homozygous variants. (a) Detailed variant information with localization, substitution and occurrence within the family as well as (b) corresponding bioinformatic prediction on the functional effect, conservation and occurrence in ExAC. Variant classification for each tool was obtained using dbNSFP version 3.0a. Het, heterozygous; hom, homozygous; WT, wild type; B, benign; N, neutral; T, tolerated; D, damaging; H, high functional impact; n.a., not available

	Gene	Transcript ID	Variant	GERP>2	SIFT_pred	Polyphen2_pred	LRT_pred	MutationTaster_pred	MutationAssessor_pred	FATHMM_pred	PROVEAN_pred	fathmm-MKL_coding_pred	MetaSVM_pred	MetaLR_pred	ExAC_AF
<i>de novo</i>	<b>PIGR</b>	NM_002644.3	p.R664W	+	D	D	D	M	T	D	D	T	T	0.000008	
	<b>NFE2L2</b>	NM_006164.4	p.T80K	+	D	D	D	M	T	D	D	T	T	-	
	<b>CCDC170</b>	NM_025059.3	p.Q258R	+	T	B	D	D	L	T	N	D	T	T	-
hemizygous	<b>ARSE</b>	NM_000047.2	p.R420Q	-	T	B	N	N	N	D	N	N	T	T	0.000603
	<b>CYBB</b>	NM_000397.3	c.1152-16C>T	-								n.a.			-
	<b>ZNF674</b>	NM_001146291.1	p.V83A	-	T	B	.	N	L	T	N	N	T	T	0.000046
	<b>CHRDL1</b>	NM_145234.3	p.M7V	-	T	B	N	N	.	T	N	D	T	T	0.000433
compound heterozygous	<b>NCAPD2</b>	NM_014865.3	c.128-20T>A	-								n.a.			-
	<b>NCAPD2</b>	NM_014865.3	c.3478-9G>C	-								n.a.			-
	<b>RELN</b>	NM_005045.3	p.S2685P	+	D	B	N	D	N	T	N	D	T	T	0.000025
	<b>RELN</b>	NM_005045.3	c.7490+5G>T	+								n.a.			-

**Supplementary Table 2b**

Patient	Gene	Status	Mutation				
			Chromosomal level	mRNA level	Protein level	Motif	Exon
Patient 1	<i>NFE2L2</i>	<i>de novo</i>	chr2: 178098806 G>T	c.239C>A	p.T80K	ETGE	CDS.2
Patient 2	<i>NFE2L2</i>	<i>de novo</i>	chr2: 178098804 C>T	c.241G>A	p.G81S	ETGE	CDS.2
Patient 3	<i>NFE2L2</i>	<i>de novo</i>	chr2: 178098954 C>T	c.91G>A	p.G31R	DLG	CDS.2
Patient 4	<i>NFE2L2</i>	<i>de novo</i>	chr2: 178098810 C>T	c.235G>A	p.E79K	ETGE	CDS.2

**Supplementary Table 3** Overview of detected pathogenic *NFE2L2* variants. Four detected heterozygous *NFE2L2* *de novo* variants with detailed information regarding localization. Reference genome is hg19/ GRCh37. Nomenclature is according to GenBank accession number NM\_006164.4 and NP\_006155.2.

### a Conservation Scores

Tool	Range	NRF2 Variant				Prediction
		Patient 1 p.T80K	Patient 2 p.G81S	Patient 3 p.G31R	Patient 4 p.E79K	
PhastCons	0 - 1	0.999000	0.998000	1	1	High conserved
GERP	-12.3 – 6.17	5.78	5.78	5.78	5.78	High conserved

### b Functional Prediction Algorithms

Tool	Range	NRF2 Variant				Prediction
		Patient 1 p.T80K	Patient 2 p.G81S	Patient 3 p.G31R	Patient 4 p.E79K	
SIFT	0 - 1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	Damaging
PROVEAN	-14 - 14	-3.99	-3.88	-5.53	-2.57	Damaging
PolyPhen2	0 - 1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	Probably damaging
LRT	0 - 1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	Deleterious
MutTaster	0 - 1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	Disease causing Medium functional impact
MutAssessor	-5.545 – 5.975	2.87	2.87	2.87	2.87	Tolerated
FATHMM	-16.13 – 10.64	1.43	1.22	1.37	1.48	Damaging
VEST	0 - 1	0.81	0.79	0.94	0.88	Tolerated
MetaSVM	-2 - 3	-0.52	-0.23	-0.42	-0.53	Disease causing Medium functional impact
MetaLR	0 - 1	0.26	0.38	0.30	0.26	Tolerated

**Supplementary Table 4** Bioinformatic prediction for identified NRF2 variants. Detected NRF2 variants were assessed regarding (a) conservation of affected residues and (b) functional effect of the variant. Scores of different software tools were obtained using dbNSFP version 3.0a. The software tools with the corresponding value range are listed. Mutation specific scores and the prediction model output for each tool are listed in the final row.

Figure 3

Figure 3b Independent Experiment		Western blot Sample	NRF2 [%]	KEAP1 [%]	G6PD [%]	AKR1B10 [%]	AKR1C1 [%]
1	NRF2 WT 1	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
	NRF2 WT 2	161.93	137.75	141.49	172.46	194.81	
	NRF2.p.T80K	1269.20					
2	NRF2 WT 1	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
	NRF2 WT 2	118.21	204.37	61.12	118.21		
	NRF2.p.T80K	491.25	231.02	444.76			
3	NRF2 WT 1	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
	NRF2 WT 2	87.39	109.53	24.87	97.21	396.85	
	NRF2.p.T80K	182.36	232.84	319.89	709.65	3098.74	
4	NRF2 WT 1	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
	NRF2 WT 2	58.81	185.68	51.87	187.94	404.74	
	NRF2.p.T80K	1128.84	168.00	226.38	496.33	2036.32	
5	NRF2 WT 1	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
	NRF2 WT 2	104.85	141.84	81.87	75.60	516.64	
	NRF2.p.T80K	248.98	271.38	427.98	115.77	3131.18	
Mean	NRF2 WT 1	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
	NRF2 WT 2	106.24	155.84	52.87	92.67	439.41	
	NRF2.p.T80K	662.33	215.09	324.75	392.26	2755.41	
sSEM	NRF2 WT 1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	NRF2 WT 2	17.23	17.20	16.46	25.50	38.68	
	NRF2.p.T80K	224.23	19.71	58.25	107.18	359.67	
One-Way Anova	p<0.05 considered significant		F(2,12)=14.16, p=0.014	F(2,12)=14.16, p=0.001	F(2,6)=12.05, p=0.003	F(2,6)=12.05, p=0.009	F(2,6)=12.05, p=0.000
multiple comparison post hoc test	NRF2.p.T80K vs. WT 1	p=0.026	p=0.000	p=0.018	p=0.000		
	NRF2.p.T80K vs. WT 2	p=0.026	p=0.041	p=0.004	p=0.015	p=0.001	
	NRF2 WT 1 vs. WT 2	p=0.999	p=0.055	p=0.630	p=0.996	p=0.522	
	p<0.05 *, p<0.01 **, p<0.001 ***	*	*	**	*	***	

Figure 3c Independent Experiment		qRT-PCR	GAPDH [%]	PGK1 [%]	NFE2L2 [%]	KEAP1 [%]	GCLM [%]	GSR [%]	G6PD [%]	ME1 [%]	PROX1 [%]	TXNRD1 [%]	ABCC1 [%]	HMOX1 [%]	AKR1B10 [%]	AKR1C1 [%]
1	NRF2 WT 1	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	
	NRF2 WT 2	92.58	113.03	120.42	126.98	111.86	85.77	89.93	123.98	101.15	70.80	110.10	105.96	198.13	192.75	
	NRF2.p.T80K	99.18	114.97	109.84	118.47	148.09	114.18	167.81	158.31	144.89	180.77	134.88	103.16	2534.69	763.35	
2	NRF2 WT 1	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	
	NRF2 WT 2	100.78	97.83	122.09	97.07	101.69	84.68	100.20	99.87	61.14	79.36	70.85	229.70	327.33		
	NRF2.p.T80K	113.76	114.05	122.01	143.50	133.11	175.15	203.00	152.35	167.13	173.39	177.58	129.73	5121.1	2059.96	
3	NRF2 WT 1	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	
	NRF2 WT 2	86.13	91.35	104.46	138.08	85.43	126.15	106.41	106.52	101.57	61.29	110.63	76.25	207.20	387.89	
	NRF2.p.T80K	123.57	118.94	183.45	213.09	226.91	227.15	300.63	270.64	218.84	147.69	283.62	236.09	5426.49	1660.21	
Mean	NRF2 WT 1	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	
	NRF2 WT 2	93.16	101.66	107.57	120.05	98.12	104.54	93.68	110.23	100.86	64.41	100.03	64.27	212.01	302.68	
	NRF2.p.T80K	112.94	115.49	133.43	158.49	149.37	173.16	233.92	208.39	167.25	198.28	155.43	570.76	1494.49		
sSEM	NRF2 WT 1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
	NRF2 WT 2	4.24	6.28	6.70	4.73	7.65	11.74	6.55	7.11	5.51	3.20	10.34	9.15	57.67		
	NRF2.p.T80K	7.46	1.50	22.78	28.27	22.83	32.64	39.73	34.11	21.91	10.02	44.18	40.61	1918.33	383.33	
One-Way Anova	p<0.05 considered significant		F(2,6)=4.521, p=0.063	F(2,6)=5.558, p=0.043	F(2,6)=2.205, p=0.191	F(2,6)=3.122, p=0.118	F(2,6)=14.074, p=0.005	F(2,6)=4.071, p=0.076	F(2,6)=9.963, p=0.012	F(2,6)=8.101, p=0.020	F(2,6)=12.198, p=0.008	F(2,6)=7.953, p=0.000	F(2,6)=4.742, p=0.058	F(2,6)=2.433, p=0.168	F(2,6)=8.378, p=0.018	F(2,6)=11.333, p=0.009
multiple comparison post hoc test	NRF2.p.T80K vs. WT 1	p=0.199	p=0.052	p=0.197	p=0.102	p=0.009	p=0.096	p=0.022	p=0.025	p=0.012	p=0.001	p=0.083	p=0.307	p=0.027	p=0.011	
	NRF2.p.T80K vs. WT 2	p=0.056	p=0.077	p=0.319	p=0.466	p=0.008	p=0.118	p=0.018	p=0.018	p=0.013	p=0.000	p=0.063	p=0.170	p=0.029	p=0.022	
	NRF2 WT 1 vs. WT 2	p=0.617	p=0.947	p=0.920	p=0.474	p=0.995	p=0.986	p=0.980	p=0.932	p=0.999	p=0.014	p=0.000	p=0.993	p=0.997	p=0.604	
	p<0.05 *, p<0.01 **, p<0.001 ***	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	**	n.s.	*	*	*	***	n.s.	n.s.	*		

Figure 3e-f Redox		Independent Cell	Sample	OxD <sub>metHb</sub> [%]	E <sub>metHb</sub> [mV]
1	NRF2 WT 2	96.07		-253.00	
	NRF2.p.T80K	63.94		-283.64	
	NRF2 WT 2	35.45		-298.70	
4	NRF2 WT 2	66.64		-282.11	
	NRF2 WT 2	53.13		-289.39	
	NRF2 WT 2	86.00		-267.68	
7	NRF2 WT 2	43.64		-294.28	
	NRF2 WT 2	44.12		-294.03	
	NRF2 WT 2	50.41		-290.79	
10	NRF2 WT 2	21.60		-307.55	
	NRF2 WT 2	21.32		-307.77	
	NRF2 WT 2	96.06		-298.98	
13	NRF2 WT 2	48.85		-292.62	
	NRF2 WT 2	30.52		-301.57	
	NRF2 WT 2	27.59		-303.39	
16	NRF2 WT 2	63.93		-283.65	
	NRF2.p.T80K	38.47		-297.03	
	NRF2.p.T80K	24.35		-306.56	
3	NRF2.p.T80K	12.67		-315.79	
	NRF2.p.T80K	14.29		-314.01	
	NRF2.p.T80K	20.73		-308.22	
6	NRF2.p.T80K	21.44		-307.67	
	NRF2.p.T80K	14.12		-314.19	
	NRF2.p.T80K	6.14		-326.02	
10	NRF2.p.T80K	22.15		-307.14	
	NRF2.p.T80K	20.78		-308.19	
	NRF2.p.T80K	43.35		-294.43	
13	NRF2.p.T80K	12.46		-316.04	
	NRF2.p.T80K	11.47		-317.54	
	NRF2.p.T80K	24.99		-305.11	
Mean	NRF2 WT 2	52.89		-287.51	
	NRF2.p.T80K	20.63		-309.59	
sSEM	NRF2 WT 2	6.05		4.36	
	NRF2.p.T80K	2.56		2.06	
unpaired Welch's t Test	p<0.05 considered significant		T(20,12)=4.577	T(21,12)=4.908	
(doesn't assume equal variances)	NRF2.p.T80K vs. WT 2	p=0.000	p=0.000		
	p<0.05 *, p<0.01 **, p<0.001 ***	***	***	***	

Supplementary Table 5a Statistic analysis details

Figure 4 Independent Experiment	Western blot Sample	NRF2 [%]
1	DMSO	100.00
	Luteolin 50µM	4.31
2	DMSO	100.00
	Luteolin 50µM	8.66
3	DMSO	100.00
	Luteolin 50µM	8.31
Mean	DMSO	100.00
	Luteolin 50µM	6.53
sSEM	DMSO	0.00
	Luteolin 50µM	1.02
unpaired Welch's t test (doesn't assume equal variances)		
$p=0.05$ considered significant $T(74,396)=4.487$		
$p<0.001$		
$p=0.05^*, p=0.01^{**}, p<0.001^{***}$		

SFigure 4 Independent Experiment	Western blot Sample	NRF2 [%]	KEAP1 [%]	G6PD [%]	AKR1B10 [%]	AKR1C1 [%]
1	NRF2 WT 1	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
	NRF2 WT 2	141.85	102.02	113.95	81.76	381.20
	NRF2 WT 3	112.36	42.95	204.49	63.03	174.89
	NRF2 WT 4	101.79	60.90	528.33	57.40	118.01
	NRF2 WT 5	76.84	80.02	708.56	47.06	271.55
	NRF2 p.180K	259.03	135.76	3298.15	302.91	4540.47
2	NRF2 WT 1	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
	NRF2 WT 2	38.46	204.98	259.73	99.06	736.15
	NRF2 WT 3	91.88	70.02	773.47	53.47	225.38
	NRF2 WT 4	110.04	129.51	614.31	138.86	116.49
	NRF2 WT 5	91.14	60.35	486.57	100.48	139.16
	NRF2 p.180K	133.95	157.34	2265.17	335.49	3778.56
3	NRF2 WT 1	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
	NRF2 WT 2	73.97	280.47	81.67	92.19	203.62
	NRF2 WT 3	78.03	286.05	136.44	63.85	279.00
	NRF2 WT 4	88.92	288.27	218.26	68.31	131.97
	NRF2 WT 5	62.39	246.42	155.46	53.51	310.39
	NRF2 p.180K	221.72	504.76	1134.51	360.14	5612.26
Mean	NRF2 WT 1	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
	NRF2 WT 2	84.79	197.22	151.78	91.01	440.32
	NRF2 WT 3	94.12	135.67	371.46	62.11	226.41
	NRF2 WT 4	100.25	149.56	473.64	88.19	122.16
	NRF2 WT 5	73.45	134.46	44.54	68.88	240.37
	NRF2 p.180K	204.90	265.05	2232.51	332.85	4643.76
sSEM	NRF2 WT 1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	NRF2 WT 2	30.30	50.45	54.77	5.02	156.54
	NRF2 WT 3	9.97	75.87	201.96	1.72	30.06
	NRF2 WT 4	6.15	57.85	134.46	25.53	4.93
	NRF2 WT 5	11.31	56.86	166.82	16.24	51.83
	NRF2 p.180K	37.08	115.46	38.90	19.47	53.86
One-Way Anova multiple comparison post hoc test			F(5,12)=3.59, p=0.008	F(5,12)=0.725, p=0.617	F(5,12)=8.009, p=0.002	F(5,12)=63.041, p<0.0001
p<0.05 considered significant			F(5,12)=5.359, p=0.008	F(5,12)=0.725, p=0.617	F(5,12)=8.009, p=0.002	F(5,12)=63.041, p<0.0001
NRF2 p.180K vs. WT 1			p=0.034	p=0.556	p=0.002	p=0.000
NRF2 p.180K vs. WT 2			p=0.014	p=0.979	p=0.002	p=0.000
NRF2 p.180K vs. WT 3			p=0.024	p=0.769	p=0.006	p=0.000
NRF2 p.180K vs. WT 4			p=0.034	p=0.838	p=0.009	p=0.000
NRF2 p.180K vs. WT 5			p=0.007	p=0.746	p=0.008	p=0.000
NRF2 WT 1 vs. WT 2			p=0.94	p=0.14	p=0.007	p=0.009
NRF2 WT 1 vs. WT 3			p=0.001	p=0.999	p=0.981	p=0.457
NRF2 WT 1 vs. WT 4			p=1.00	p=0.995	p=0.930	p=0.990
NRF2 WT 1 vs. WT 5			p=0.937	p=0.999	p=0.949	p=0.640
p<0.05 *, p<0.01 **, p<0.001 ***			n.s.	**	***	***

SFigure 5 Independent Experiment	Western blot Sample	NRF2 [%]
1	-	100.00
	Ascorbic acid 0.1 mM	47.96
	Ascorbic acid 0.25 mM	60.90
	Ascorbic acid 0.5 mM	104.92
	Ascorbic acid 0.75 mM	88.01
	Ascorbic acid 1.0 mM	85.16
2	-	100.00
	Ascorbic acid 0.1 mM	87.59
	Ascorbic acid 0.25 mM	64.55
	Ascorbic acid 0.5 mM	94.83
	Ascorbic acid 0.75 mM	61.82
	Ascorbic acid 1.0 mM	28.97
3	-	100.00
	Ascorbic acid 0.1 mM	129.08
	Ascorbic acid 0.25 mM	72.10
	Ascorbic acid 0.5 mM	95.82
	Ascorbic acid 0.75 mM	155.61
	Ascorbic acid 1.0 mM	139.46
Mean	-	100.00
	Ascorbic acid 0.1 mM	88.21
	Ascorbic acid 0.25 mM	65.85
	Ascorbic acid 0.5 mM	98.52
	Ascorbic acid 0.75 mM	101.81
	Ascorbic acid 1.0 mM	84.50
sSEM	-	0.00
	Ascorbic acid 0.1 mM	19.12
	Ascorbic acid 0.25 mM	2.69
	Ascorbic acid 0.5 mM	2.62
	Ascorbic acid 0.75 mM	22.81
	Ascorbic acid 1.0 mM	26.07
One-Way Anova multiple comparison post hoc test		
p<0.05 considered significant		
F(5,12)=5.20, p=0.791		
- vs. 0.1 mM Ascorbic acid		
- vs. 0.25 mM Ascorbic acid		
- vs. 0.5 mM Ascorbic acid		
- vs. 0.75 mM Ascorbic acid		
- vs. 1.0 mM Ascorbic acid		
p<0.05 *, p<0.01 **, p<0.001 ***		
n.s.		

Supplementary Table 5b Statistic analysis details

**a Primer for Sanger sequencing validation**

Gene	forward primer 5'-3'	reverse primer 5'-3'	amplicon [bp]	Target
<b>NFE2L2</b>	CTTGCCACACACAGTAACGC	CAGTCAGCGACGGAAAGAGT	538	DNA
<b>NFE2L2</b>	CCCAGCAGGACATGGATTG	TGGGCAACCTGGAGTAGTT	283	cDNA

**b Primer for qRT-PCR**

Gene	forward primer 5' - 3'	reverse primer 5' - 3'	amplicon [bp]
<b>ACTB</b>	TGACCCAGATCATGTTGAG	ATCACGATGCCAGTGGTA	103
<b>GAPDH</b>	GTATGACAACACAGCCTCAAGAT	GTCCTTCCACGATAACCAAAG	104
<b>PGK1</b>	CTAACAAAGCTGACGCTGGA	GACAGCAGCCTTAATCCTCTG	122
<b>NFE2L2</b>	ATCATGATGGACTTGGAGCTG	GCTCATACTCTTCCGTCGC	145
<b>KEAP1</b>	CCAACCTCGCTGAGCAGATT	GCTGATGAGGGTCACCAAGTT	137
<b>GCLM</b>	CTGTGTGATGCCACCAGATT	GCTTCTGGAAACTTGCTTCA	108
<b>GSR</b>	ACAAGCTGGTGGCACTT	ACCCTCACAACTTGGAAAGC	122
<b>G6PD</b>	AGAGCTTTCCAGGGCGAT	CACCAAGATGGTGGGTAGAT	108
<b>ME1</b>	ACGAATTCATGGAGGCAGTT	GGAGACGAAATGCATTACA	90
<b>PRDX1</b>	GCTGTTATGCCAGATGGTCAG	GGGCACACAAAGGTGAAGTC	104
<b>TXNRD1</b>	CAGCATGTCATGTGAGGACG	TTGAAGTCTGCCCTCCTGAT	148
<b>ABCC1</b>	TCATGCTCACTTCTGGCTG	AATCAACCCCTGTGATCCACC	149
<b>HMOX1</b>	GCCAGCAACAAAGTGCAAG	GAGTGTAAAGGACCCATCGGA	105
<b>AKR1B10</b>	TTCTCGATCTGGAAGTGGCT	GGAAAAGCAACGTTCTGGA	107
<b>AKR1C1</b>	TTGACTTGCAGAAATCCAGC	AAGCCAGGGCTCAAGTACAA	91

**Supplementary Table 6** Primer sequence information. Detailed primer information for (a) Sanger Sequencing and (b) quantitative real time PCR. Oligonucleotides were designed for human material and purchased from Integrated DNA Technology (Leuven, Belgium).