

Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see our [Editorial Policies](#) and the [Editorial Policy Checklist](#).

Statistics

For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.

- | | |
|-----|-----------|
| n/a | Confirmed |
|-----|-----------|
- The exact sample size (*n*) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
 - A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
 - The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided
Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
 - A description of all covariates tested
 - A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
 - A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
 - For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. *F*, *t*, *r*) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and *P* value noted
Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.
 - For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
 - For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
 - Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's *d*, Pearson's *r*), indicating how they were calculated

Our web collection on [statistics for biologists](#) contains articles on many of the points above.

Software and code

Policy information about [availability of computer code](#)

- | | |
|-----------------|--|
| Data collection | No software was used. |
| Data analysis | We used publicly available softwares for all analysis. These softwares are listed in the methods section with their appropriate citations and/or URLs. |

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research [guidelines for submitting code & software](#) for further information.

Data

Policy information about [availability of data](#)

All manuscripts must include a [data availability statement](#). This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

The data that support the findings of this study are public available (link: https://fundacioace-my.sharepoint.com/:u:/g/personal/iderojas_fundacioace_org/EaTwpPg9cRJHn7Kos4h39OUBaxajsjJHL_C110fC89bc8w?e=ZdcEUy).
 We will provide an accession code from GWAS Catalog before publication.

Field-specific reporting

Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.

Life sciences Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see [nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf](https://www.nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf)

Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Sample size	Raw data used in this study was collected by GR@ACE/DEGESCO consortia and summary statistics were recruited by external sources used for meta-analysis. Sample size was not pre-determined and was chosen based on all known available cohorts with relevant data collected to date, after quality control steps were performed in each cohort (described in detail in SMethods and Supplementary Information). The sample size was calculated as the number of individuals summed across all studies in the meta-analysis, N=467,623.
Data exclusions	We excluded samples and variants based on standard quality control procedures for GWAS. Details of our quality control procedures are provided in the methods and supplementary information section of the manuscript.
Replication	The meta-analysis strategy includes replication by default, as it weights the reported test statistics by the evidence of association across multiple samples. Further, SNP-based replication was carried out for the top GWAS association signals in an independent sample (N= 19,087 Alzheimer's disease cases and 39,101 controls; see Methods and supplementary information).
Randomization	Samples were randomized by case and control status on plates during genotyping at their independent study sites.
Blinding	Blinding is not applicable to this study design. This is not a clinical trial.

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Materials & experimental systems		Methods	
n/a	Involvement in the study	n/a	Involvement in the study
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Antibodies	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> ChIP-seq
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Eukaryotic cell lines	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Flow cytometry
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Palaeontology and archaeology	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> MRI-based neuroimaging
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Animals and other organisms		
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Human research participants		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Clinical data		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Dual use research of concern		

Human research participants

Policy information about [studies involving human research participants](#)

Population characteristics	We used multiple independent sets of participants in this study. We adjusted the analysis for principal components. Sample sizes, age and gender characteristics for our sample can be found per cohort and overall in Supplementary Data and Supplementary Information.
Recruitment	Participants from case-control studies were primarily recruited from clinics, nursing homes, disease registries, and hospitals, with controls being drawn from various ongoing studies and screened to exclude dementia/cognitive decline. The UK Biobank recruited adult volunteers from national health registration records. UK Biobank participants are healthier than the general population, but since the data used in this study referred to parental diagnoses, the impact of selection bias should be minor.
Ethics oversight	Written informed consent was obtained from study participants or, for those with substantial cognitive impairment, from a caregiver, legal guardian, or other proxy, and the study protocols for all populations were reviewed and approved by the appropriate Institutional review boards (IRB's). More details can be found per cohort in Supplementary Information.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.