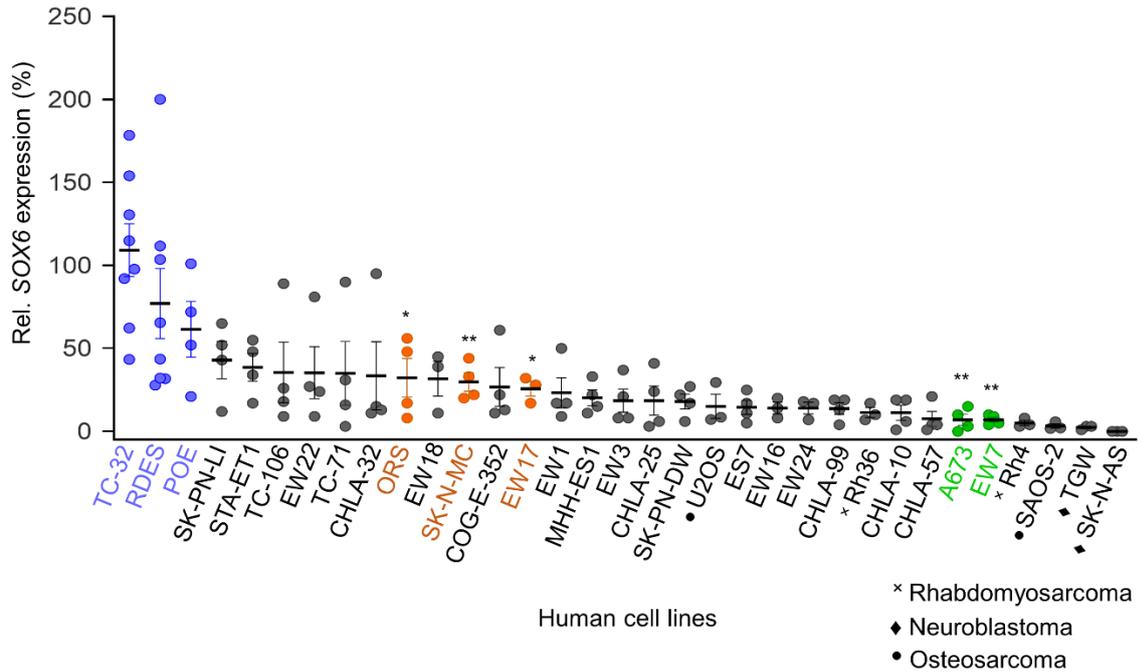


Supplementary Information

Oncogenic hijacking of a developmental transcription factor evokes vulnerability toward oxidative stress in Ewing sarcoma

Marchetto *et al.*

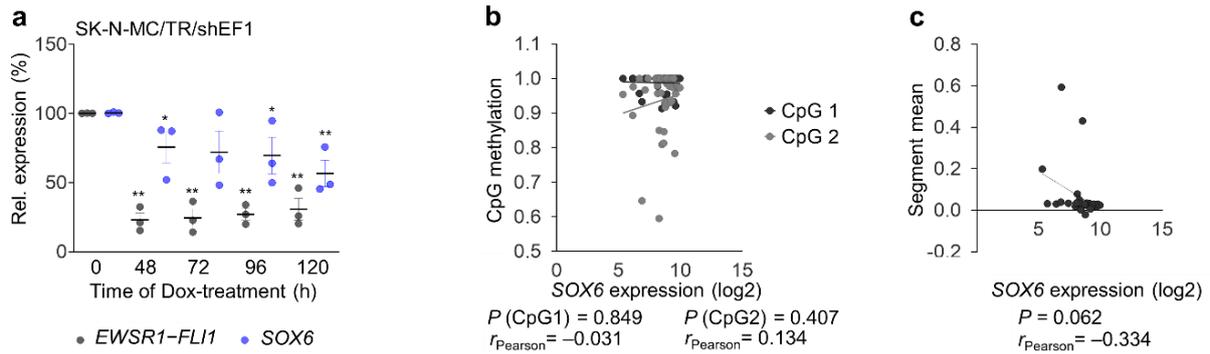
Supplementary Figure 1 Marchetto *et al.*



Supplementary Fig. 1 | Expression pattern of *SOX6* in pediatric cancer cell lines

SOX6 expression (qRT-PCR) of different EwS cell lines (*n* indicates the number of biologically independent experiments per cell line: TC-32 (*n*=8), RDES (*n*=8), POE (*n*=4), SK-PN-LI (*n*=4), STA-ET1 (*n*=4), TC-106 (*n*=4), EW22 (*n*=4), TC-71 (*n*=4), CHLA-32 (*n*=4), ORS (*n*=4, *P*=0.016), EW18 (*n*=3), SK-N-MC (*n*=4, *P*=0.008), COG-E-352 (*n*=4), EW17 (*n*=3, *P*=0.012), EW1 (*n*=4), MHH-ES1 (*n*=4), EW3 (*n*=4), CHLA-25 (*n*=4), SK-PN-DW (*n*=4), ES7 (*n*=4), EW16 (*n*=3), EW24 (*n*=3), CHLA-99 (*n*=4), CHLA-10 (*n*=4), CHLA-57 (*n*=4), A673 (*n*=4, *P*=0.004), EW7 (*n*=4, *P*=0.004)), rhabdomyosarcoma cell lines (*n* indicates the number of biologically independent experiments per cell line: Rh4 (*n*=3), Rh36 (*n*=3)), neuroblastoma cell lines (*n* indicates the number of biologically independent experiments per cell line: TGW (*n*=3), SK-N-AS (*n*=3)), and osteosarcoma cell lines (*n* indicates the number of biologically independent experiments per cell line: SAOS-2 (*n*=3), U2OS (*n*=3)). Expression levels were normalized to that of TC-32. Cell lines highlighted in blue color indicate EwS cell lines with highest *SOX6* expression that were used for the majority of experiments. Cell lines indicated in orange and green color represent EwS cell lines with intermediate or low *SOX6* expression, respectively. Horizontal bars represent means and whiskers SEM. *P* values determined via two-sided Mann-Whitney test by comparing TC-32 with the indicated cell line. ***P*<0.01, **P*<0.05. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.

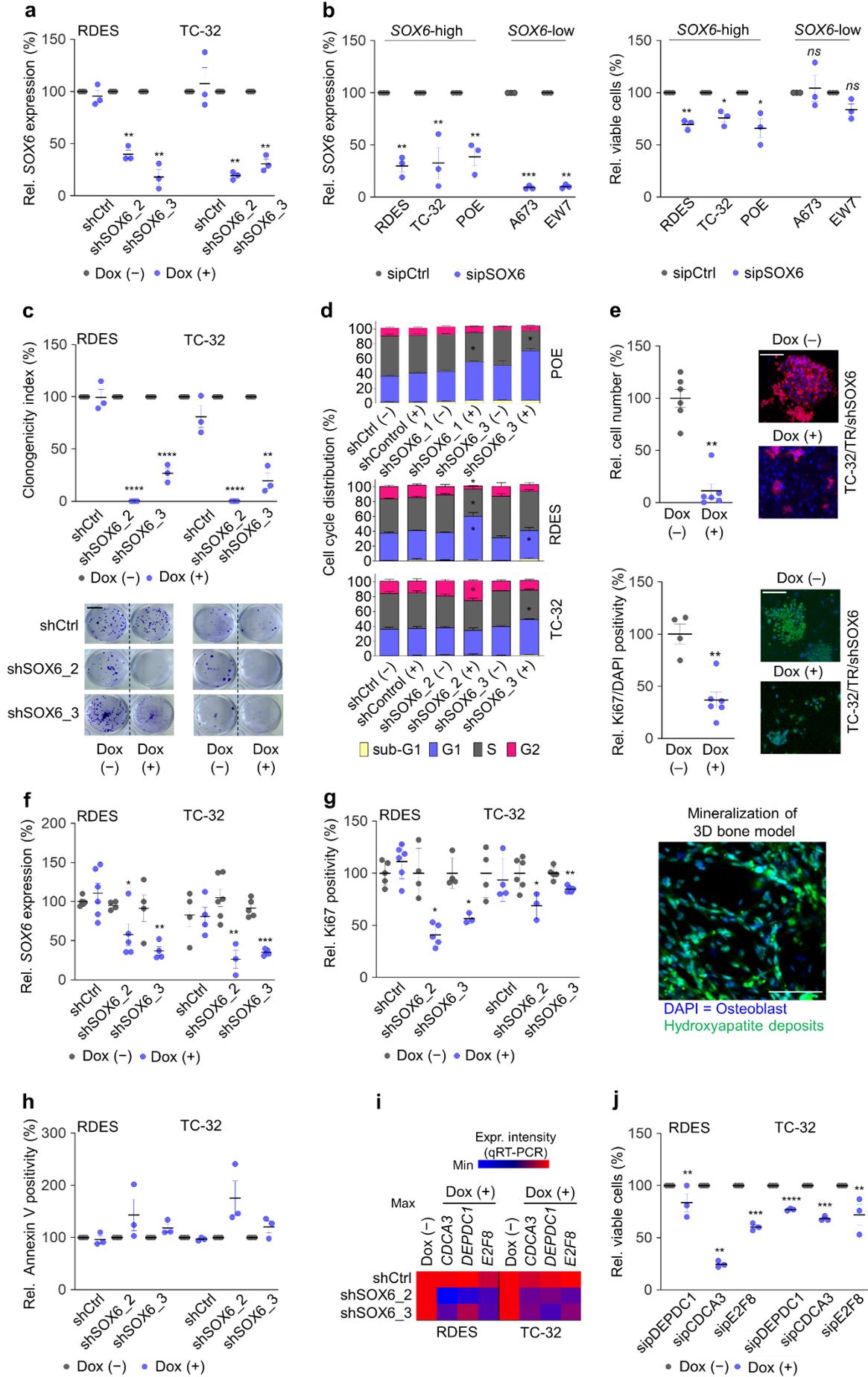
Supplementary Figure 2 Marchetto *et al.*



Supplementary Fig. 2 | *SOX6* is regulated by *EWSR1-FLI1* in EwS but neither by differential promoter methylation nor copy number variations

a) *EWSR1-FLI1* and *SOX6* expression (qRT-PCR) in SK-N-MC/TR/shEF1 cells. Horizontal bars represent means and whiskers SEM, $n=3$ biologically independent experiments. P values determined via two-sided Mann-Whitney test by comparing the time point 0h with the indicated time points (*EWSR1-FLI1*: 48-120h $P=0.002$; *SOX6*: 48h $P=0.015$, 96h $P=0.041$, 120h $P=0.002$). ** $P<0.01$, * $P<0.05$. b) Correlation of methylation levels of two CpG-methylation sites within the *SOX6* promoter (CpG1/2) and *SOX6* expression levels (log2) in $n=40$ biologically independent primary EwS tumors. Lines indicate linear regressions of the data. P values determined via two-sided Pearson correlation test. c) Correlation of copy number variation (segment mean) at the *SOX6* locus with *SOX6* expression levels (log2) in $n=32$ biologically independent primary EwS tumors. The line indicates the linear regressions of the data. P values determined via two-sided Pearson correlation test. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.

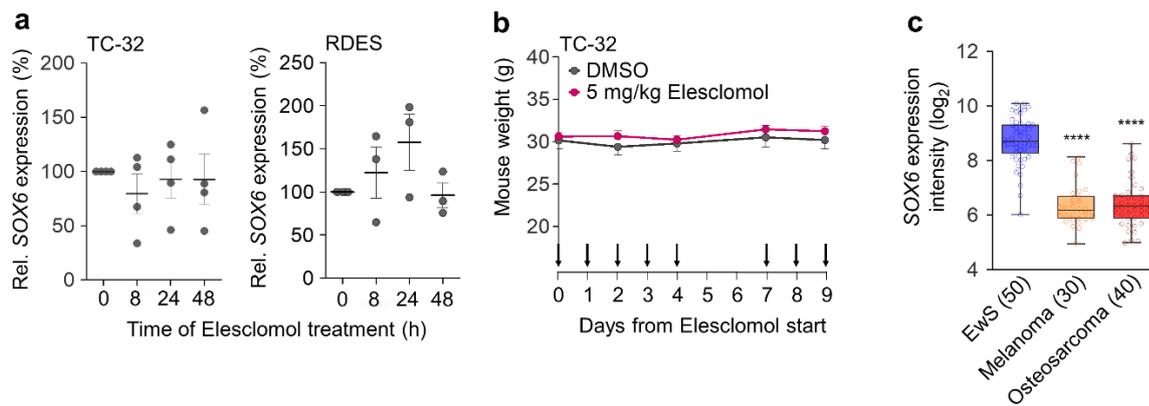
Supplementary Figure 3 Marchetto *et al.*



Supplementary Fig. 3 | *SOX6* promotes proliferation and growth of EwS cells

a) Relative *SOX6* expression (qRT-PCR) 96h after *SOX6* knockdown (sh*SOX6*). Horizontal bars represent means, $n=3$ biologically independent experiments. P values determined via two-sided Mann-Whitney test (all $P=0.002$). b) Left: Relative *SOX6* expression in A673 ($P=0.0002$), EW7 ($P=0.002$), POE ($P=0.002$), RDES ($P=0.002$) and TC-32 ($P=0.022$) cells 96h after transfection with sipool-mediated *SOX6* knockdown. Horizontal bars represent means, $n=3$ biologically independent experiments. P values determined via two-sided Mann-Whitney test. Right: Viable cell count of the same cells. Horizontal bars represent means, $n=3$ biologically independent experiments, RDES ($P=0.007$), TC-32 ($P=0.025$), POE ($P=0.047$). P values determined via two-sided independent one-sample t -test. c) Upper: Clonogenicity index during 12d of *SOX6* knockdown. Horizontal bars represent means, $n=3$ biologically independent experiments, RDES: sh*SOX6*_2 and sh*SOX6*_3 (both $P\leq 0.0001$), TC-32: sh*SOX6*_2 ($P\leq 0.0001$) and sh*SOX6*_3 ($P=0.009$). P values determined via two-sided Mann-Whitney test. Lower: Representative micrographs; scale bar=1cm. d) Cell cycle phases after *SOX6* knockdown. Horizontal bars represent means (n indicates biologically independent experiments per group, RDES: shCtrl/sh*SOX6*_2 ($n=4$), sh*SOX6*_3 ($n=3$); TC-32: shCtrl/sh*SOX6*_2 ($n=4$), sh*SOX6*_3 ($n=3$); POE: ($n=4$). POE: S-phase sh*SOX6*_1 ($P=0.050$), sh*SOX6*_3 ($P=0.029$); RDES: G1 sh*SOX6*_2 ($P=0.0284$), sh*SOX6*_3 ($P=0.0477$), S-phase ($P=0.029$), G2 ($P=0.027$); TC-32: S-phase ($P=0.050$), G2 ($P=0.027$)). P values determined via two-sided Mann-Whitney test. e) Top: Relative number of TC-32/TR/sh*SOX6* cells. Horizontal bars represent means, $n=6$ biologically independent experiments, $P=0.002$. Representative micrographs of TC-32/TR/sh*SOX6* EwS cells (red) and osteoblasts (blue); scale bar=50 μ m. P values determined via two-sided Mann-Whitney test. Middle: Relative proliferation (Ki67/DAPI positivity) of TC-32/TR/sh*SOX6* cells in a 3D mineralized bone model. Horizontal bars represent means (n indicates biologically independent experiments per group, Dox(-) $n=4$, Dox(+) $n=6$, $P=0.010$). Representative micrographs of Ki67 staining of EwS cells (green) and osteoblasts (blue); scale bar=50 μ m. Bottom: Representative micrographs of mineralized bone matrix (blue=DAPI, green=hydroxyapatite); scale bar=100 μ M. f) *SOX6* expression (qRT-PCR) in RDES and TC-32 xenografts. Horizontal bars represent means (n indicates biologically independent xenografts, RDES: shCtrl (Dox(-) $n=5$, Dox(+) $n=6$), sh*SOX6*_2 (Dox(-) $n=4$, Dox(+) $n=5$, $P=0.027$), sh*SOX6*_3 $n=4$, $P=0.002$; TC-32: shCtrl $n=4$, sh*SOX6*_2 (Dox(-) $n=6$, Dox(+) $n=3$, $P=0.001$), sh*SOX6*_3 $n=5$, $P\leq 0.0001$). P values determined via two-sided Mann-Whitney test. g) Ki67 positivity of RDES and TC-32 xenografts. Horizontal bars represent means (n indicates biologically independent xenografts, RDES: shCtrl (Dox(-) $n=5$, Dox(+) $n=6$), sh*SOX6*_2 (Dox(-) $n=4$, Dox(+) $n=5$, $P=0.016$), sh*SOX6*_3 (Dox(-) $n=4$, Dox(+) $n=3$, $P=0.050$); TC-32: shCtrl $n=4$, sh*SOX6*_2 (Dox(-) $n=6$, Dox(+) $n=3$, $P=0.038$), sh*SOX6*_3 ($n=5$, $P=0.008$)). P values determined via two-sided Mann-Whitney test. h) Relative Annexin V positivity 96h after *SOX6* silencing. Horizontal bars represent means, $n=3$ biologically independent experiments. i) Relative *CDCA3*, *DEPDC1* and *E2F8* expression 96h after *SOX6* knockdown; averaged data of $n=3$ biologically independent experiments. j) Proliferation of EwS cells 96h after sipool-mediated knockdown of *CDCA3* (TC-32 $P=0.0002$, RDES $P=0.002$), *DEPDC1* (TC-32 $P\leq 0.0001$, RDES $P=0.006$) or *E2F8* (TC-32 $P=0.010$, RDES $P=0.0006$). Horizontal bars represent means, $n=3$ biologically independent experiments. P values determined via two-sided independent one-sample t -test. All error bars represent SEM. **** $P\leq 0.0001$, *** $P<0.001$, ** $P<0.01$, * $P<0.05$. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.

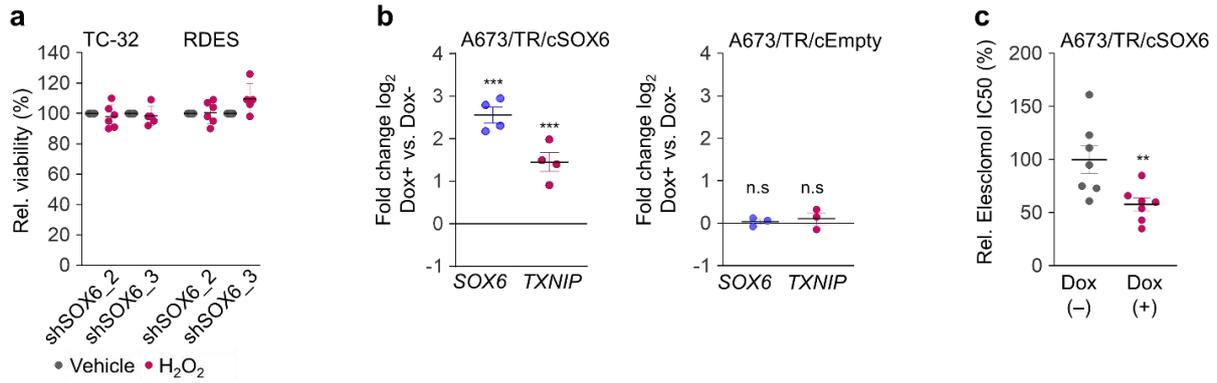
Supplementary Figure 4 Marchetto *et al.*



Supplementary Fig. 4 | Elesclomol has no effect on *SOX6* expression and mouse weight in *SOX6*-high EwS cells

a) Relative *SOX6* expression levels in RDES and TC-32 cells during Elesclomol-treatment (10 nM). Horizontal bars represent means and whiskers SEM, TC-32: $n=4$ biologically independent experiments, RDES: $n=3$ biologically independent experiments. b) Body weight of mice during intravenous Elesclomol-treatment (5 mg/kg). Dots represent means and whiskers SEM, $n=5$ biologically independent animals per condition. c) *SOX6* expression intensities (log₂) of primary EwS tumors, melanomas ($P \leq 0.0001$) and osteosarcomas ($P \leq 0.0001$) as determined by Affymetrix microarrays²⁰. The number of biologically independent samples (n) is given in parentheses. Horizontal bars indicate medians and boxes the interquartile range. Whiskers indicate the 10th and 90th percentile. P values determined via two-sided Mann-Whitney test. **** $P \leq 0.0001$. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.

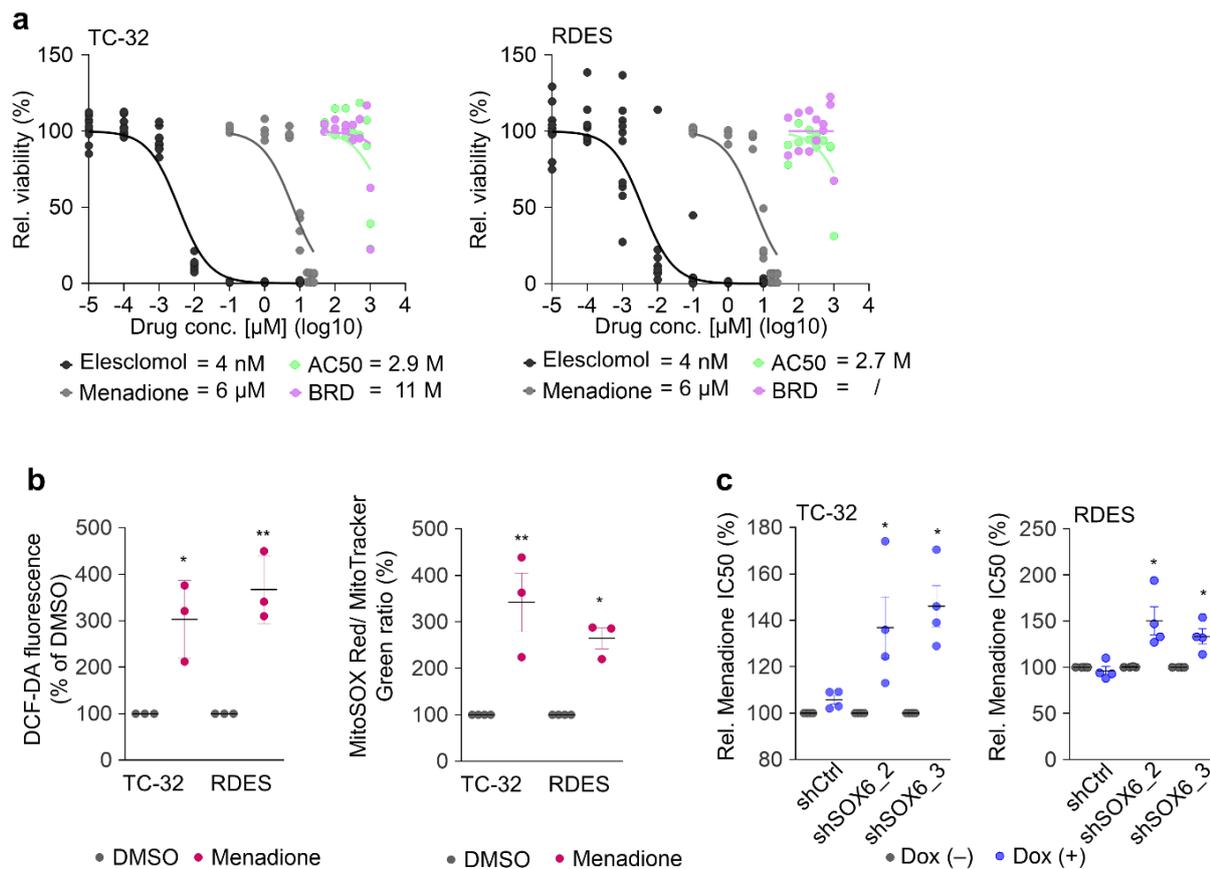
Supplementary Figure 5 Marchetto *et al.*



Supplementary Fig. 5 | *SOX6* overexpression induces *TXNIP* and Elesclomol sensitivity

a) Cell viability of EwS cells treated with vehicle (H₂O) or H₂O₂ (30 μM). Horizontal bars represent means (*n* indicates the number of biologically independent experiments, TC-32: shSOX6_2 *n*=6, shSOX6_3 *n*=5; RDES: shSOX6_2 *n*=6, shSOX6_3 *n*=5). b) Expression fold change (log₂, qRT-PCR) of *SOX6* (*P*=0.0002) and *TXNIP* (*P*=0.0002) after 96h of *SOX6* overexpression in A673/TR/cSOX6 cells. Horizontal bars represent means, *n*=4 biologically independent experiments. *P* values determined via two-sided Mann-Whitney test. c) Relative Elesclomol IC₅₀ in A673/TR/cSOX6 cells after 72h of concomitant Elesclomol and Dox-treatment. Horizontal bars represent means, *n*=7 biologically independent experiments, *P*=0.008. *P* values determined via two-sided Mann-Whitney test. All error bars represent SEM. ****P*<0.001, ***P*<0.01. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.

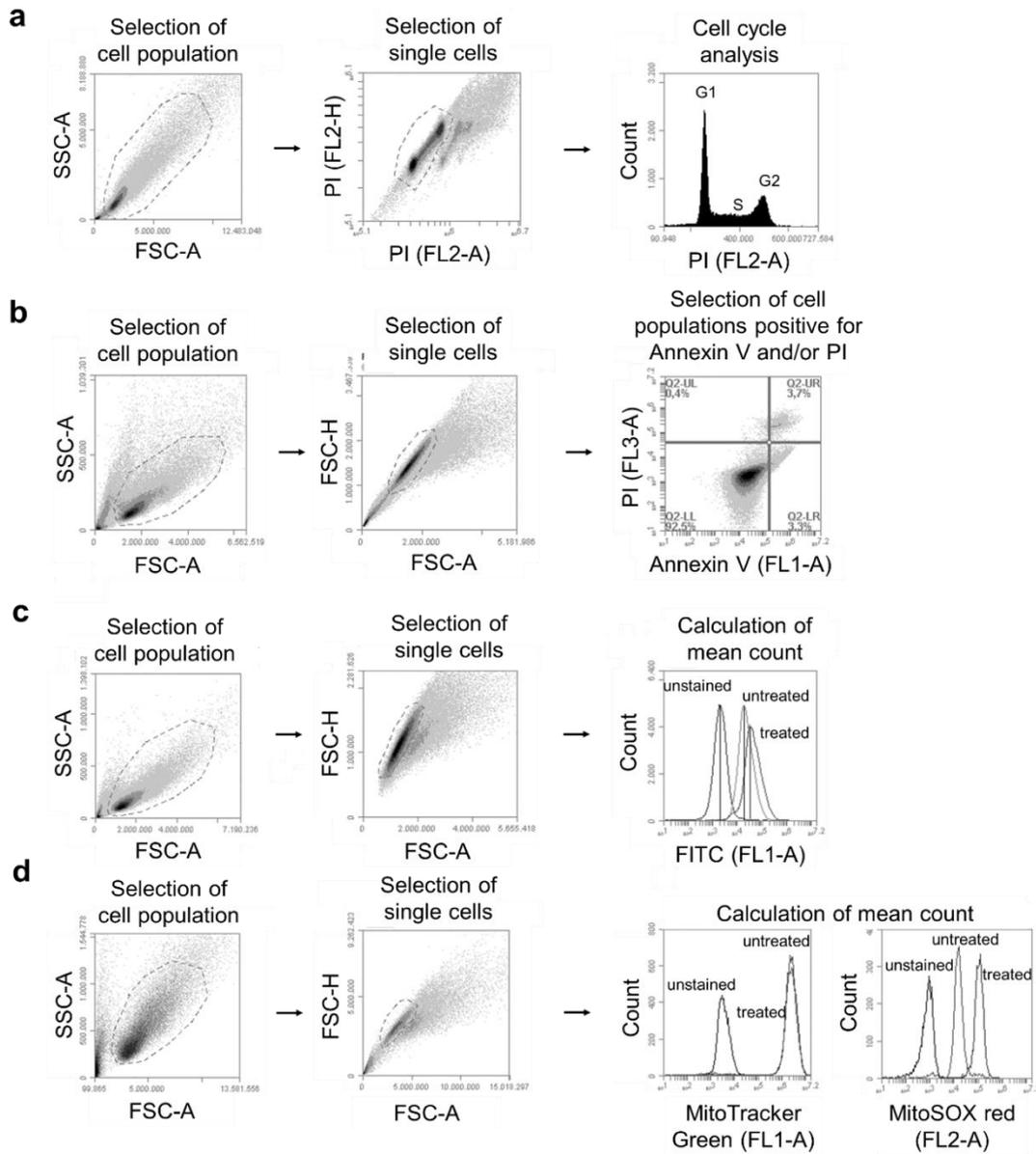
Supplementary Figure 6 Marchetto *et al.*



Supplementary Fig. 6 | Elesclomol is a potent inducer of oxidative stress in EwS

a) Relative viability of TC-32 and RDES cells after treatment with three different oxidative stress inducers (Menadione: TC-32 $n=4$, RDES $n=4$; DC_AC50 (AC50): TC-32 $n=2$, RDES $n=2$; BRD56491 (BRD): TC-32 $n=2$, RDES $n=2$) for 72h compared to Elesclomol (TC-32 $n=9$, RDES $n=10$), n indicates the number of biologically independent experiments per drug. Modeled dose-response curves and calculated IC₅₀ values are displayed. b) Relative DCF-DA fluorescence (left) and MitoSOX Red/MitoTracker Green ratio (right) in TC-32 and RDES cells after treatment with Menadione (10 μ M) compared to DMSO (control). Horizontal bars indicate means, $n=3$ biologically independent experiments. P values determined via two-sided independent one sample t -test (TC-32: DCF-DA $P=0.047$, MitoSOX Red $P=0.014$; RDES: DCF-DA $P=0.004$, MitoSOX Red $P=0.004$). c) Relative Menadione IC₅₀ values in indicated cell lines 72h after start of concomitant Menadione- and Dox-treatment. Horizontal bars represent means, $n=4$ biologically independent experiments. P values determined via two-sided Mann-Whitney test (all $P=0.029$). All error bars represent SEM. ** $P<0.01$, * $P<0.05$. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.

Supplementary Figure 7 Marchetto *et al.*



Supplementary Fig. 7 | Examples of flow-cytometric gating strategies

a) Gating strategy for flow-cytometric cell-cycle analysis of EwS cells using PI. b) Gating strategy for Annexin V/PI staining of EwS cells. c) Gating strategy for flow-cytometric measurement of DCF-DA fluorescence in EwS cells. d) Gating strategy for flow-cytometric measurement of MitoSOX Red and MitoTracker Green fluorescence in EwS cells.

Supplementary Table 1 | Characteristics of the intronic *SOX6*-associated GGAA-mSat

Summary of the number of consecutive GGAA-repeats and corresponding relative enhancer activity of the *SOX6*-associated GGAA-mSat in eight cell lines with different *SOX6* expression levels (TC-32 was set as reference).

Cell line	Average <i>SOX6</i> expression (% of TC-32)	GGAA-repeats			Enhancer activity			
		Allele A	Allele B	Average number of GGAA-repeats	Allele A	Allele B	Average enhancer activity	Average enhancer activity (rel. to TC-32)
TC-32	100	11	13	12	82	175	129	100
RDES	77	10	11	10.5	73	127	100	78
POE	62	10	14	12	48	93	70	54
SK-N-MC	30	8	11	9.5	36	76	56	44
ORS	32	10	10	10	50	45	48	37
EW17	26	9	10	9.5	25	50	38	29
EW7	7	10	11	10.5	76	86	81	63
A673	7	8	11	9.5	32	41	37	28

Supplementary Table 2 | Oligonucleotide sequences

siRNAs	Sense (5' → 3')	Antisense (5' → 3')
Sigma-Aldrich MISSION® siRNA Universal Negative Control #1 (siCtrl)	No sequence given	No sequence given
siTXNIP	CAUCCUUCGAGUUGAAUAUdTdT	AUAUUCAACUCGAAGGAUGdTdT
shRNAs		
	Top (5' → 3')	Bottom (5' → 3')
shCtrl	CCGGCAACAAGATGAAGAGCACCAAC TCGAGTTGGTGTCTTCATCTTGTTGTT TTT	AATTAAAAACAACAAGATGAAGAGCA CCAACTCGAGTTGGTGTCTTCATCTT GTTG
shSOX6_1	CCGGCCAGCCCTGTAAGTCAAGTTACT CGAGTAACTTGAGTTACAGGGCTGGTT TTTG	AATTCAAAAACCAGCCCTGTAAGTCA AGTTACTCGAGTAACTTGAGTTACAGG GCTGG
shSOX6_2	CCGGCCAGTGAAGTCTTGAGAGAAAC TCGAGTTTCTCCAAGAAGTTCAGTGGT TTTTG	AATTCAAAAACCAGTGAAGTCTTGAG AGAACTCGAGTTTCTCCAAGAAGTTC ACTGG
shSOX6_3	CCGGTGGTCTTAATTGTTTCGTAAGT CGAGTTTACGAAACAATTAAGACCAT TTTTG	AATTCAAAAATGGTCTTAATTGTTTCG TAACTCGAGTTTACGAAACAATTAAG GACCA
shEF1 (EWSR1-FLI1)	CCGGGCAGCAGAACCCTTCTTATGACT CGAGTCATAAGAAGGGTTCTGCTGCTT TTTG	AATTCAAAAAGCAGCAGAACCCTTCT TATGACTCGAGTCATAAGAAGGGTTCT GCTGC
PCR primer		
	Forward (5' → 3')	Reverse (5' → 3')
<i>RPLP0</i>	GAAACTCTGCATTCTCGCTCC	GGTGTAATCCGTCTCCACAG
<i>SOX6</i>	TTCCCCGACATGCATAACTC	AAGTGGATCTTGCTTAGCCG
<i>EWSR1-FLI1</i>	GCCAAGCTCCAAGTCAATATAGC	GAGGCCAGAATTCATGTTATTGC
<i>E2F8</i>	ACAGAATGGAGAACGAAAAGGA	TTGGTAGGTGTGGTTAAAGGG
<i>DEPDC1</i>	GGCCAATACAAGTAAACGTGG	CATCTCGTTCAAATCCAACATAAGT
<i>CDCA3</i>	ACTGGAGGGTCTTAAACATGC	ACTTCACTCAGCTGTTTCACC
<i>TXNIP</i>	GATCTGAACATCCCTGATACCC	CATCCATGTCATCTAGCAGAGG
<i>SOX6</i> -GGAA-mSat	CTAGCCCGGGCTCGAGGAGATGTGTC AGCAGTCAATCCA	GATCGCAGATCTCGAGGGCAGTCCAG GATGTTCTGAATAA
cDNA of <i>TXNIP</i>	ATTAGCTAGCGCCACCATGGTGATGTT CAAGAAGATCAAGTC	GCGGCGTTAATTAATCACTGCACATTG TTGTTGAGG
<i>eGFP</i>	ATTAGAATTCATGGTGAGCAAGGGCG AG	ATTAGCGGCCGCTTACTTGTACAGCTC GTCCATGC
cDNA of <i>SOX6</i>	ACGTATGTCGAGGTAGGCGT	TTCGTCTGACGTGGCAGC
Sequencing primer		
	Forward (5' → 3')	Reverse (5' → 3')
<i>SOX6</i> -GGAA-mSat	CTTTATGTTTTTGGCGTCTTCCA	
pLKO-TET-ON	GGCAGGGATATTCACCATATCGTTTC AGA	
<i>TXNIP</i> -Cumate-System	ATGGTGATGTTCAAGAAGATCAAGTC	AAAGCCTTCACCCAGTAGTC
Modified pTRIPZ vector	ACGTATGTCGAGGTAGGCGT	TTCGTCTGACGTGGCAGC