

Supplementary Material

to

A homozygous *AKNA* frameshift variant is associated with primary microcephaly in a Pakistani family

by

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The supporting information contains three supplementary figures and one supplementary table.



Figure S1. Map displaying the home area of the MCPH family. It belongs to the Pashtun population of North-West Pakistan (Adopted from: <https://www.dw.com/en/women-defy-local-traditions-in-pakistans-swat-valley/a-38609291>).

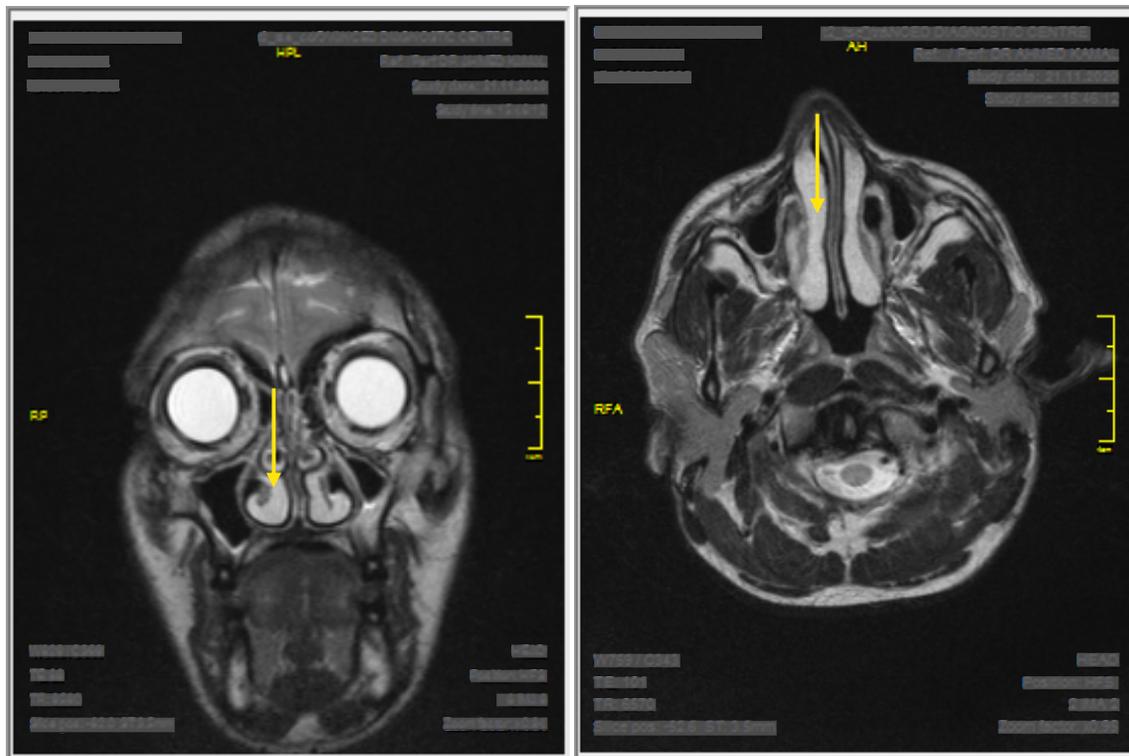


Figure S2. MRI images of individual IV-3 to document signs of PCD. In the left panel, the yellow arrow points to thick nasal mucosae as a sign of mild manifestation of PCD. However, the sinuses of the patient are free (yellow arrow in the right panel).

Table S1. Highest ranking homozygous, X-linked and compound heterozygous variants detected by WES.

Chr.	Gene	Variant	Mutation Taster	CADD PHRED	Polyphen-2 HDIV(v2.2,2)	dbSNP	ClinVar	gnomAD v2.1.1 allele frequency	Variant nature	Conclusion
9	AKNA	NM_030767.4: c.2737delG p.(Glu913Argfs*42) homozygous	Disease causing	26.5	NA	rs368704395	Absent	0.00003416 9 heterozygotes of African ethnicity 0 homozygotes	LOF	Plausible candidate
X	TSPYL2	NM_022117.3: c.2033A>C p.(Gln678Pro) hemizygous	Polymorphism (76)	5.122	0.01	rs781788384	Absent	0.0002235 21 heterozygotes 20 hemizygotes	Missense	Excluded
15	C15orf40	NM_001160115.1: c.82A>C, p.(Met28Leu) compound heterozygous	Polymorphism (32)	22.2	0.012	rs140417286	Absent	0.0003486 96 heterozygotes 0 homozygotes	Missense	Excluded
		NM_001160115.1: c.73T>C, (p.Cys25Arg) compound heterozygous	Polymorphism (NA)	8.391	NA	rs4842860	Absent	0.6244 170578 heterozygotes 54701 homozygotes	Missense	Excluded

Note: NA, Not Available, LOF, Loss-of-function