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Supplementary Materials for

Regulatory encoding of quantitative variation in spatial activity of a *Drosophila* enhancer

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Additional notes on *logRatios*

Other Supplementary Material for this manuscript includes the following:

(available at advances.sciencemag.org/cgi/content/full/6/49/eabe2955/DC1)

Data files S1 to S4

Supplementary Materials

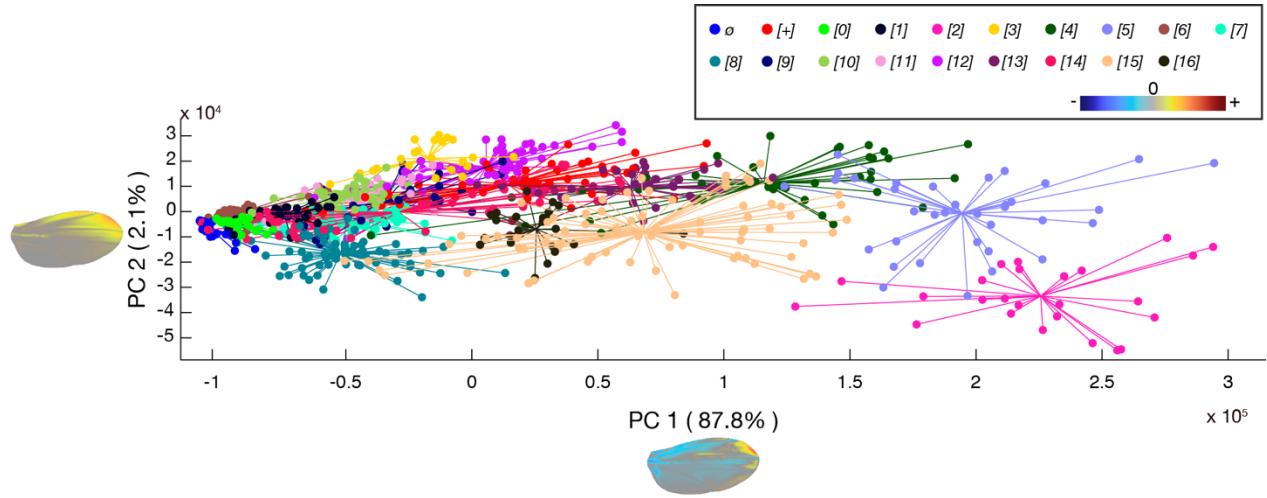


Figure S1. First two axes of variation in a principal component analysis of all individual wings used to generate the average reporter expression of Figure 1. Each wing is depicted by a colored dot, and each construct by a color. PC1 captures 87.8% of the variation and corresponds to overall changes in the activity of the *spot¹⁹⁶* CRE. PC2 captures 2.1% of the variation and appears to represent spatial difference in CRE activity between lines. The direction of variation along each principal component is represented on a wing with a colormap next to each axis.

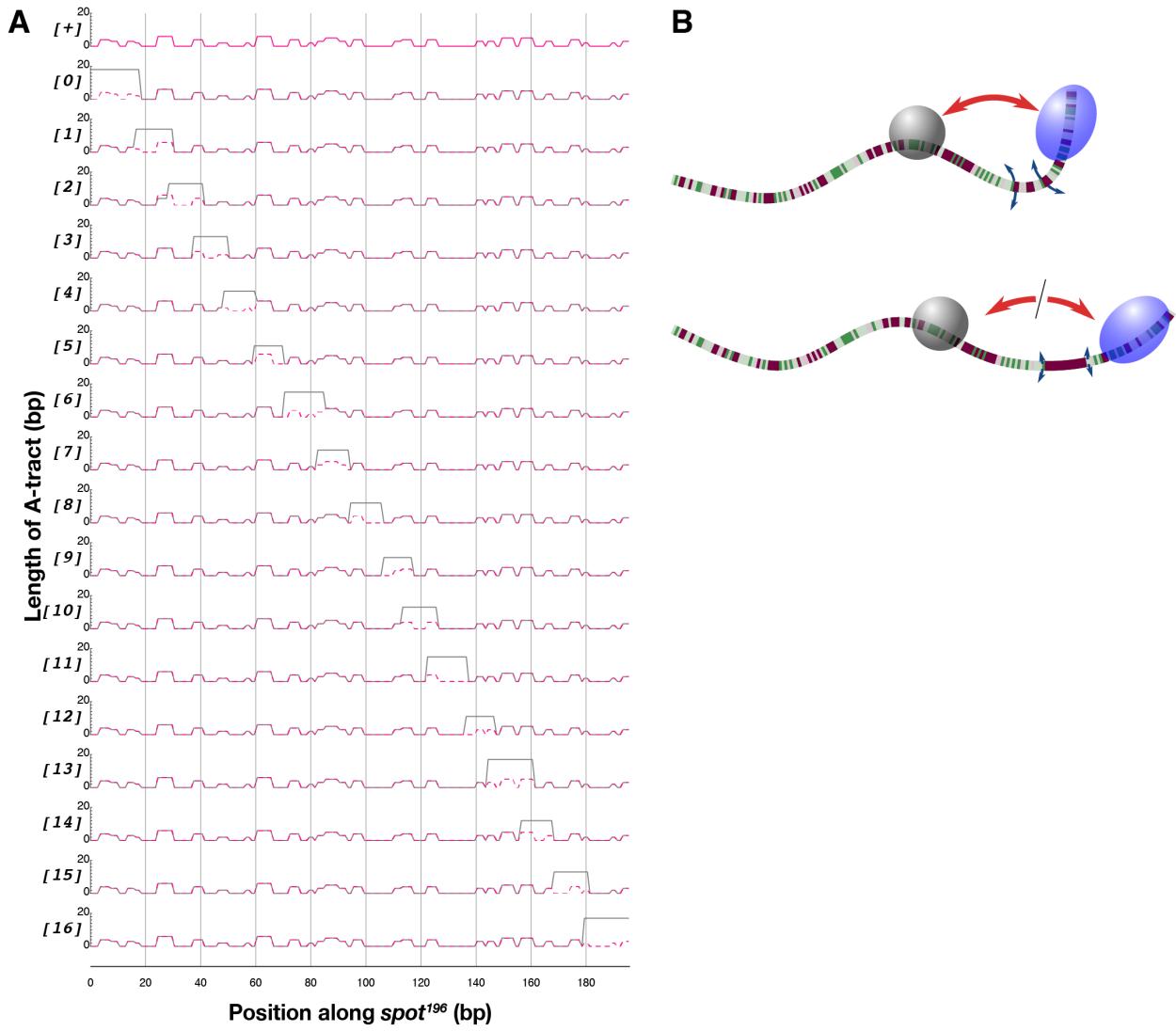


Figure S2. Local rigidity along the wild-type and mutant *spot*¹⁹⁶. (A) Each graph is a plot of the length of the longest consecutive A_nT_n sequence that a base pair participates in, a proxy for sequence rigidity at this position. The first graph on top is the wild type ([+]) alone. The remaining graphs show plots for each mutant ([0], ..., [16]) with a solid black line, compared to the wild type represented with a dotted magenta line. (B) Schematics illustrating the hypothetical consequence of local DNA rigidity (caused by an A-tract) on TF interactions. A flexible linker between two TFBSS would favor interactions between 2 bound TFs, while a stiffer linker of the same length would limit, or prevent these interactions.

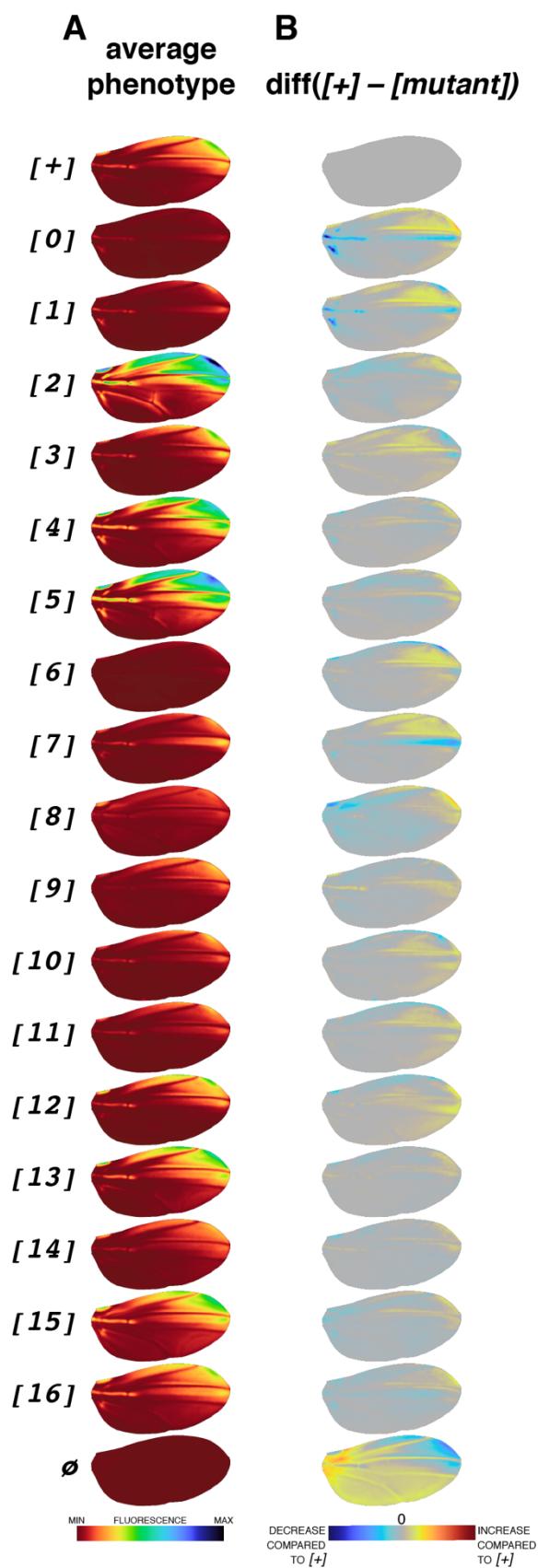


Figure S3. Pattern changes between wild-type and mutant *spot*^{I96} constructs. (A) Average phenotypes reproduced from Figure 1B. (B) difference images ($[+] - [mutant]$) for intensity values of each pixel of registered wing images) highlight changes in the distribution of the enhancer activity across the wing. Note that this operation introduces a visual bias towards changes in region of high expression, contrasting with *logRatio* images of Figure 2.

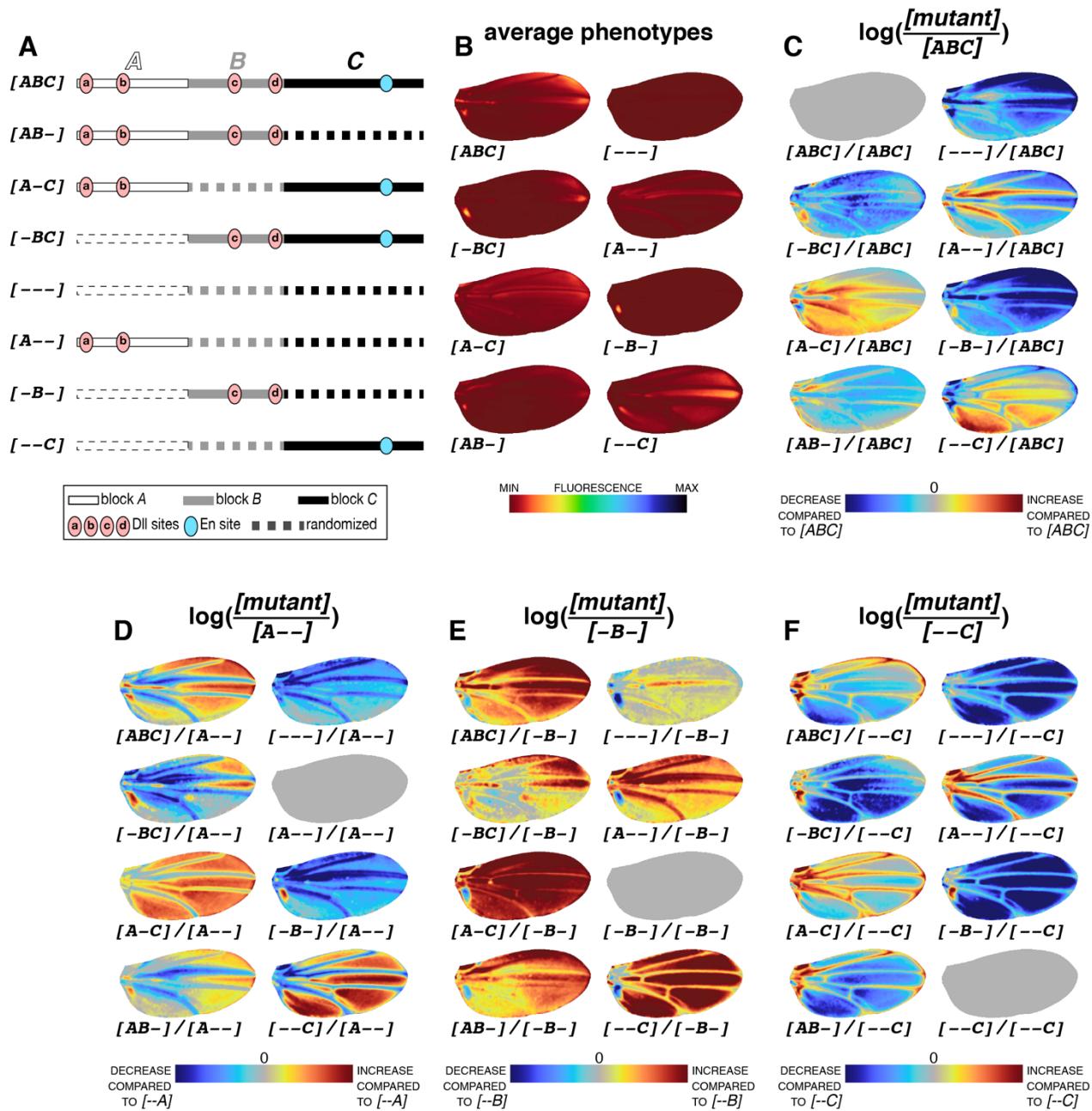


Figure S4. logRatio of all block constructs. (A) Schematics of block constructs repeated from Figure 3A for legibility. (B) Average phenotypes of constructs shown in (A), repeated from Figure 3B for legibility. Colormap of average phenotypes normalized for all constructs of the block series, including block permutations of Figure 4B. (C) Average phenotypes in (B) compared to the average phenotype of the wild type [ABC] ($\log\text{Ratio}$). (D) Average phenotypes in (B) compared to the average phenotype of [A--] ($\log\text{Ratio}$). (E) Average phenotypes in (B) compared to the average phenotype of [-B-] ($\log\text{Ratio}$). (F) Average phenotypes in (B) compared to the average phenotype of [-C] ($\log\text{Ratio}$). Colormaps in (C)-(F) indicate an increase or a decrease of activity compared to the reference (denominator).

Table S1. Sequences of *spot*¹⁹⁶ enhancer variants.

- wild type [+] or [ABC]

>*spot*¹⁹⁶[+]

TCTAATTATTCCGTTAAGGACGCAATTTCTGAGCTAAAACACTCGCTTATGGAGAGAT
CTAAATTCCCCGCTTTGGCTTGAATAAATTAAATCGAATTCCCCGCTGGCTATTAAA
ACACACAAAAGGCGCTCGTCTGTTCAATGTAAATTGCAAATTGCTCAATCCGCC
AATTGATGTGCGCCCAGCAAT

- single mutants [0] to [16]

>*spot*¹⁹⁶[0]

AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAGGACGCAATTTCTGAGCTAAAACACTCGCTTATGGAGAG
ATCTAAATTCCCCGCTTTGGCTTGAATAAATTAAATCGAATTCCCCGCTGGCTATTAA
AACACACAAAAGGCGCTCGTCTGTTCAATGTAAATTGCAAATTGCTCAATCCG
CCTAATTGATGTGCGCCCAGCAAT

>*spot*¹⁹⁶[1]

TCTAATTATTCCGTTAAAAAAAAAAATTCTGAGCTAAAACACTCGCTTATGGAGAGA
TCTAAATTCCCCGCTTTGGCTTGAATAAATTAAATCGAATTCCCCGCTGGCTATTAA
AACACACAAAAGGCGCTCGTCTGTTCAATGTAAATTGCAAATTGCTCAATCCGCC
TAATTGATGTGCGCCCAGCAAT

>*spot*¹⁹⁶[2]

TCTAATTATTCCGTTAAGGACGCAATTAAAAAAAAAAACTCGCTTATGGAGAGA
TCTAAATTCCCCGCTTTGGCTTGAATAAATTAAATCGAATTCCCCGCTGGCTATTAA
AACACACAAAAGGCGCTCGTCTGTTCAATGTAAATTGCAAATTGCTCAATCCGCC
TAATTGATGTGCGCCCAGCAAT

>*spot*¹⁹⁶[3]

TCTAATTATTCCGTTAAGGACGCAATTTCTGAGCTAAAACACTCGCTTAAAAAAAAAA
TCTAAATTCCCCGCTTTGGCTTGAATAAATTAAATCGAATTCCCCGCTGGCTATTAA
AACACACAAAAGGCGCTCGTCTGTTCAATGTAAATTGCAAATTGCTCAATCCGCC
TAATTGATGTGCGCCCAGCAAT

>*spot*¹⁹⁶[4]

TCTAATTATTCCGTTAAGGACGCAATTTCTGAGCTAAAACACTCGCTTAAAAAAAAAA
ATAAATTCCCCGCTTTGGCTTGAATAAATTAAATCGAATTCCCCGCTGGCTATTAA
AACACACAAAAGGCGCTCGTCTGTTCAATGTAAATTGCAAATTGCTCAATCCGCC
AATTGATGTGCGCCCAGCAAT

>*spot*¹⁹⁶[5]

TCTAATTATTCCGTTAAGGACGCAATTTCTGAGCTAAAACACTCGCTTATGGAGAGAT
AAAAAAAAAAAGCTTTGGCTTGAATAAATTAAATCGAATTCCCCGCTGGCTATTAA
AACACACAAAAGGCGCTCGTCTGTTCAATGTAAATTGCAAATTGCTCAATCCGCC
TAATTGATGTGCGCCCAGCAAT

>*spot*¹⁹⁶[6]

TCTAATTATTCCGTTAAGGACGCAATTTCTGAGCTAAAACACTCGCTTATGGAGAGAT
CTAAATTCCCCAAAAAAAAAAATAAATTAAATCGAATTCCCCGCTGGCTATTAA
AACACACAAAAGGCGCTCGTCTGTTCAATGTAAATTGCAAATTGCTCAATCCGCC

TAATTGATGTGCGCCCATGCAAT

>*spot*^{196 [7]}

TCTAATTATTCCGTTAACGGACGCAATTCTGAGCTAAAACCGCTTATGGAGAGAT
CTAAATTCCCCGCTTTGGCTGAAAAAAAAAAAAAAGAATTCCCCGCTGGCTATTAA
AACACACAAAAGGCCTCTCGTCTGTTCAATGTAATTGCAAATTGCTCAATCCGCC
TAATTGATGTGCGCCCATGCAAT

>*spot*^{196 [8]}

TCTAATTATTCCGTTAACGGACGCAATTCTGAGCTAAAACCGCTTATGGAGAGAT
CTAAATTCCCCGCTTTGGCTGAATAAATTAAATCGAATTCCCCGCTAAAAAAAAAAAGGCTATTAA
AACACACAAAAGGCCTCTCGTCTGTTCAATGTAATTGCAAATTGCTCAATCCGCC
TAATTGATGTGCGCCCATGCAAT

>*spot*^{196 [9]}

TCTAATTATTCCGTTAACGGACGCAATTCTGAGCTAAAACCGCTTATGGAGAGAT
CTAAATTCCCCGCTTTGGCTGAATAAATTAAATCGAATTCCCCGCTGGCTATTAAAAAA
ACACACAAAAGGCCTCTCGTCTGTTCAATGTAATTGCAAATTGCTCAATCCGCC
AATTGATGTGCGCCCATGCAAT

>*spot*^{196 [10]}

TCTAATTATTCCGTTAACGGACGCAATTCTGAGCTAAAACCGCTTATGGAGAGAT
CTAAATTCCCCGCTTTGGCTGAATAAATTAAATCGAATTCCCCGCTGGCTATTAAAAA
AAAAAGGCGCTCTCGTCTGTTCAATGTAATTGCAAATTGCTCAATCCGCC
TAATTGATGTGCGCCCATGCAAT

>*spot*^{196 [11]}

TCTAATTATTCCGTTAACGGACGCAATTCTGAGCTAAAACCGCTTATGGAGAGAT
CTAAATTCCCCGCTTTGGCTGAATAAATTAAATCGAATTCCCCGCTGGCTATTAAAA
ACACACAAAAGGCCTCTCGAAAAAAATGTAATTGCAAATTGCTCAATCCGCC
TAATTGATGTGCGCCCATGCAAT

>*spot*^{196 [12]}

TCTAATTATTCCGTTAACGGACGCAATTCTGAGCTAAAACCGCTTATGGAGAGAT
CTAAATTCCCCGCTTTGGCTGAATAAATTAAATCGAATTCCCCGCTGGCTATTAAAA
ACACACAAAAGGCCTCTCGAAAAAAATGTAATTGCAAATTGCTCAATCCGCC
TAATTGATGTGCGCCCATGCAAT

>*spot*^{196 [13]}

TCTAATTATTCCGTTAACGGACGCAATTCTGAGCTAAAACCGCTTATGGAGAGAT
CTAAATTCCCCGCTTTGGCTGAATAAATTAAATCGAATTCCCCGCTGGCTATTAAAA
ACACACAAAAGGCCTCTCGTCTGTTCAAAAAAAAAAAATTGCTCAATCCGCC
TAATTGATGTGCGCCCATGCAAT

>*spot*^{196 [14]}

TCTAATTATTCCGTTAACGGACGCAATTCTGAGCTAAAACCGCTTATGGAGAGAT
CTAAATTCCCCGCTTTGGCTGAATAAATTAAATCGAATTCCCCGCTGGCTATTAAAA
ACACACAAAAGGCCTCTCGTCTGTTCAATGTAATTGCAAAAAAAAAAAAACCGCC
TAATTGATGTGCGCCCATGCAAT

>*spot*¹⁹⁶[15]

TCTAATTATTCCGTTAACGGACGCAATTTCTGAGCTAAAACTCGCTTATGGAGAGAT
CTAAATTCCCCGCTTTGGCTTGAATAAATTAAATCGAATTCCCCGCTGGCTATTAAA
ACACACAAAAGGCCTCGTCTGTTCAATGTAAATTGCAAATTGCTCAATAAAAAA
AAAAAAATGTGCCCATGCAAT

>*spot*¹⁹⁶[16]

TCTAATTATTCCGTTAACGGACGCAATTTCTGAGCTAAAACTCGCTTATGGAGAGAT
CTAAATTCCCCGCTTTGGCTTGAATAAATTAAATCGAATTCCCCGCTGGCTATTAAA
ACACACAAAAGGCCTCGTCTGTTCAATGTAAATTGCAAATTGCTCAATCCGCCT
AATTGAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA

- Permutations of blocks

>*spot*¹⁹⁶[ACB]

TCTAATTATTCCGTTAACGGACGCAATTTCTGAGCTAAAACTCGCTTATGGAGAGAT
CTAAACACACAAAAGGCCTCGTCTGTTCAATGTAAATTGCAAATTGCTCAATCC
GCCTAATTGATGTGCCCATGCAATTCCCCGCTTTGGCTTGAATAAATTAAATCG
AATTCCCCGCTGGCTATTAAA

>*spot*¹⁹⁶[BAC]

TTTCCCCGCTTTGGCTTGAATAAATTAAATCGAATTCCCCGCTGGCTATTAAAATCTA
ATTATTCCGTTAACGGACGCAATTTCTGAGCTAAAACTCGCTTATGGAGAGATCTAA
ACACACAAAAGGCCTCGTCTGTTCAATGTAAATTGCAAATTGCTCAATCCGCCT
AATTGATGTGCCCATGCAAT

>*spot*¹⁹⁶[BCA]

TTTCCCCGCTTTGGCTTGAATAAATTAAATCGAATTCCCCGCTGGCTATTAAAACACA
CAAAAGGCCTCGTCTGTTCAATGTAAATTGCAAATTGCTCAATCCGCCTAATTG
ATGTGCCCATGCAATTCTAATTATTCCGTTAACGGACGCAATTTCTGAGCTAAA
CTCGCTTATGGAGAGATCTAAA

>*spot*¹⁹⁶[CBA]

CACACACAAAAGGCCTCGTCTGTTCAATGTAAATTGCAAATTGCTCAATCCGCCTA
ATTGATGTGCCCATGCAATTCCCCGCTTTGGCTTGAATAAATTAAATCGAATT
CCCGCTGGCTATTAAAATCTAATTATTCCGTTAACGGACGCAATTTCTGAGCTAAA
CTCGCTTATGGAGAGATCTAAA

- Randomized blocks

>*spot*¹⁹⁶[A-]

TCTAATTATTCCGTTAACGGACGCAATTTCTGAGCTAAAACTCGCTTATGGAGAGAT
CTAAATCGAATTCTGACTAGAAACGACTAATTAGCCGTACCACATGT
TGTCGACTCAGAAACATTATTCCATTACCGTAAGCAAAAAATGCGTCCTATCGA
ACTTACACTCGCCTGCGTTGGT

>*spot*¹⁹⁶[B-]

ATAATATTGCATCTCATTGTGGTCTAGATAATCATCTAGGCTAAATCCAAAATGTT
GCATGTTCCCCGCTTTGGCTTGAATAAATTAAATCGAATTCCCCGCTGGCTATTAAA
AGTCGACTCAGAAACATTATTCCATTACCGTAAGCAAAAAATGCGTCCTATCG
AACTTACACTCGCCTGCGTTGGT

>*spot*^{196 [-C]}

ATAATATTGCATCTCATTGTGGTGCTAGATAATCATCTAGGCTAAATCCAAAAGTGT
GCATGTCCGAATTTTCTTGTCCGACTAGAAACGACTAATTAGCCGTACCACATGT
TCACACAAAAGGCGCTCGTCTGTTCAATGTAAATTGCAAATTGCTCAATCCGCCT
AATTGATGTGCGCCCAGCAAT

>*spot*^{196 [AB-]}

TCTAATTATTCCGTTAACGGACGCAATTCTGAGCTAAAACCTCGCTTATGGAGAGAT
CTAAATTTCCCCGCTTGGCTTGAATAAAATTAAATCGAATTCCCCGCTGGCTATTAAA
AGTCGACTCAGAACATTATTCCATTACCGTAAGCAAAAAATGCGTCCTTATCG
AACTTACACTCGCCTGCGTTGGT

>*spot*^{196 [A-C]}

TCTAATTATTCCGTTAACGGACGCAATTCTGAGCTAAAACCTCGCTTATGGAGAGAT
CTAAATCCGAATTTTCTTGTCCGACTAGAAACGACTAATTAGCCGTACCACATGT
TCACACAAAAGGCGCTCGTCTGTTCAATGTAAATTGCAAATTGCTCAATCCGCCT
AATTGATGTGCGCCCAGCAAT

>*spot*^{196 [-BC]}

ATAATATTGCATCTCATTGTGGTGCTAGATAATCATCTAGGCTAAATCCAAAAGTGT
GCATTTCCCCGCTTGGCTTGAATAAAATTAAATCGAATTCCCCGCTGGCTATTAAA
ACACACAAAAGGCGCTCGTCTGTTCAATGTAAATTGCAAATTGCTCAATCCGCCT
AATTGATGTGCGCCCAGCAAT

>*spot*^{196 [--]}

ATAATATTGCATCTCATTGTGGTGCTAGATAATCATCTAGGCTAAATCCAAAAGTGT
GCATGTCCGAATTTTCTTGTCCGACTAGAAACGACTAATTAGCCGTACCACATGT
TGTCGACTCAGAACATTATTCCATTACCGTAAGCAAAAAATGCGTCCTTATCGA
ACTTACACTCGCCTGCGTTGGT

genotype	number of individuals
\emptyset	38
[+]	49
[0]	27
[1]	31
[2]	25
[3]	22
[4]	38
[5]	35
[6]	51
[7]	60
[8]	67
[9]	27
[10]	46
[11]	33
[12]	61
[13]	39
[14]	44
[15]	77
[16]	23
WT-[ABC]	61
[-BC]	32
[A-C]	49
[AB-]	24
[A--]	33
[-B-]	35
[-C]	32
[--]	37
[ACB]	39
[BAC]	34
[BCA]	37
[CBA]	34

Table S2. Number of individuals analyzed for each construct in this study.

	regulatory potential (sufficiency)	necessity
[A--]	A is sufficient for vein expression	
[--B]	B is sufficient for alula expression	
[--C]	C is sufficient for wing blade expression	
[AB-]		C is necessary for high levels in the spot
[A-C]	A is sufficient to repress wing blade expression (outside of spot region)	B is necessary for alula expression B is necessary for full spot levels
[--BC]	B is sufficient to repress wing blade expression (outside of spot region)	A is necessary for full spot levels

Table S3. Analysis of necessity and sufficiency of each block.

Data file S1. Scores for the PCA shown in Figure S1.

Data file S2. Significance of difference in activity between pairs of groups, using the first 6 principal components.

Data file S3. Significance of the difference in average expression levels among constructs of the first mutant series (J0]-[16].

Data file S4. Significance of difference in average expression levels among constructs of the second mutant series (blocks).

Additional notes on *logRatios*.

Using average phenotypes to evaluate the effect of the mutations we introduced is useful but limited. Indeed, the differences we observe are visually driven by changes in regions of the wing with elevated enhancer activity. It is then difficult to appreciate whether a mutation affects enhancer activity locally or uniformly across the wing. Differential gene expression is generally represented using log ratios (see reference (30) in main text), which measure the fold changes in expression level of a gene relative to a reference (e.g., the expression of the same gene under different conditions). We applied this principle to our image data to visually compare the activity of different constructs across the wing. Classical log ratio translates here to the log of the pixel-wise ratio between two average phenotypes at every pixel (hereafter noted *logRatio*). *logRatio* images of mutants vs. wild type are of particular interest to decipher the regulatory logic, because they reveal in which proportion a mutant affects the enhancer activity across the wing. Compared to absolute difference, *logRatio* are not driven by regions with high levels of expression, but by regions with a large fold change, irrespective of the wild-type activity pattern. In a theoretical case where the enhancer activity depends directly and linearly on a given TF concentration, the *logRatio* image reflects logically the spatial distribution of this particular TF. This is also the case if this integration of this TF information is only modulated by uniformly distributed TFs. The underlying logic is straightforward: in this theoretical case, a sequence mutation breaking the interaction between the DNA and the TF will have a significant effect on the phenotype. The intensity of the local phenotypic effect (relatively to the wild-type levels) will depend on the local intensity of the TF-DNA interaction across the wing, and therefore on the

local concentration of the TF. Logically, this interaction is not happening where the TF is absent, with no effect on the phenotype. For any situation departing from these ideal conditions, the resemblance between the *logRatio* and the TF distribution is compromised. For instance, when a TF is locally repressed by another, *logRatio* will correspond to the net loss of spatial information integration, including the loss of this repression. The *logRatio* of a mutant affecting a known TFBS for which the corresponding TF distribution is known therefore informs us on its contribution in the regulatory logic of the enhancer, and how linearly this integration happens. Moreover, even without additional knowledge on the regulatory logic and TF spatial variation, the variety of *logRatio* patterns suggests the action of different spatial inputs integrated by the enhancer.